## Automotive

## No Speed Bumps for Deliveries and New Bookings

By Wan Mustaqim Bin Wan Ab Aziz I wanmustaqim@kenanga.com.my

February 2023 TIV came in at 62,649 units (+27\% MoM, +39\% YoY), bringing cumulative 2MCY23 TIV to 112,128 units (+29\%). This was within our expectation at $16 \%$ of our full-year projection of 720 k units, underpinned by strong delivery of backlog orders in February on increased working days vs. the month before (due to Chinese New Year holidays). Meanwhile, new bookings remained strong backed by new launches (especially the all-new Axia that racked in 27k units in new bookings). Our projection implies that 2023 TIV will sustain at the record 2022 level of 720 k units versus a more conservative forecast of 650k ($9.8 \%$ ) by the Malaysian Automotive Association (MAA) underpinned by: (i) a pause in OPR hikes, (ii) stable new car prices, thanks to the deferment of new excise duty regulations (that could have resulted in prices of locally assembled vehicles increasing by $8 \%-20 \%$ ), and (iii) a healthy industry booking backlog of 350k units as at end-Feb 2023 (which is nearly half of our 2023 TIV projection of 720k units). Our sector top picks are MBMR (OP; TP: RM4.60) and UMW (OP; TP: RM4.70).

February 2023 TIV came at 62,649 units ( $+27 \%$ MoM, $+39 \%$ YoY), bringing cumulative 2 MCY23 TIV to 112,128 units (+29\%). This was within our expectation at $16 \%$ of our full-year projection of 720 k units underpinned by strong delivery of backlog orders in February on increased working days vs. the month before (due to Chinese New Year holidays). New bookings remained strong backed by new launches (especially the all-new Axia that racked in 27 k units in new bookings), keeping the industry booking backlog steady at 350k units as at end-Feb 2023.

A detailed analysis of the passenger vehicle segment in January 2023 (+26\% MoM, $+38 \%$ YoY) are as follows:
Honda (+77\% MoM, +2\% YoY) was driven by the City, Civic and BR-V with exceptional response seen for the all-new HR-V which was launched on 14 July 2022. Overall, it is still affected by inventory shortages, especially for the newer models. Based on sales projection, Honda currently has 18 k backlogged orders ( $2-4$ months). Toyota's ( $\mathbf{+ 4 1 \%} \mathbf{M o M}, \mathbf{+ 5 0 \%}$ YoY) sales were mostly from its exceptional top models, namely the all-new Vios, Yaris, Corolla Cross and Hilux. Based on sales projection, Toyota currently has 20k backlogged orders ( $3-6$ months). Proton's ( $\mathbf{+ 2 1 \%}$ MoM, $\mathbf{+ 5 4 \%}$ YoY) sales were mainly driven by the all-new X70 and X50 ( 4,176 SUV units sold, making up $30 \%$ of sales), and supported by the face-lifted Persona, Iriz, Exora and Saga (collectively known as PIES). Based on sales projection, Proton currently has 50k backlogged orders (up to 12 months for the X50 and by 3 months for other models). Mazda ( $\mathbf{+ 1 7 \%}$ MoM, $\mathbf{+ 2 0 9 \%}$ YoY) delivered all of its Mazda CX-30 CBU volume before switching toward local production (CKD) which was recently rolled out on $8^{\text {th }}$ March 2023. Overall volume continued to be driven by the CX-5 and CX-8. Based on sales projection, Mazda currently has 8 k backlogged orders ( $3-5$ months). Perodua's ( $+\mathbf{1 6 \%}$ MoM, $\mathbf{+ 4 3 \%}$ YoY) sales were propelled by the all-new Perodua Alza (massive booking backlogs of 30 k units) and all-new Perodua Axia (another newcomer with 27 k units in new booking), with equally strong sales of the Bezza, MyVi, Ativa models. Based on sales projection, Perodua currently has more than 220k backlogged orders (by up to 12 months for the Alza, 4 months for the Ativa/Myvi, and up to 3 months for others). Nissan (+12\% MoM, $\mathbf{+ 2 6 \%}$ YoY) managed to entice buyers as evidenced by its fast moving inventory, but overall is still losing out in the all-new vehicles launching race. Currently, Nissan depends on the face-lifted Nissan Serena S-Hybrid, Navara, and Almera Turbo with 1 k backlogged orders ( $1-2$ months).

Looking forward, we project a more upbeat 2023 total industry volume (TIV) target at 720k units (+0\%), compared to MAA's 650k ($9.8 \%$ ), premised on strong reception to new models (at higher prices, resulting in better margins for auto players), a pause in the OPR hike and the deferment of new excise duty regulations resulting in stable car prices. In comparison, MAA is more cautious on the industry outlook as a whole, especially for the low-end segment, (we believe) due to the impact of high inflation on the lowincome group especially with the rising cost of basic necessities.
An encouraging sign to note is that the backlogs booking still holding strong at 350k units (as at end-Feb 2023), indicating strong order replenishment especially for attractive new models (see page 4) even in the absence of SST exemption. Additionally, vehicle sales will be supported by new battery electric vehicles (BEVs) which will enjoy SST exemption and other EV facilities incentives up to 2025 for CBU and 2027 for CKD.

Our sector top picks are:

- MBMR for: (i) its strong earnings visibility backed by an order backlog of Perodua vehicles of 220 k units, (ii) it being a good proxy to the mass-market Perodua brand given that it is the largest dealer of Perodua vehicles in Malaysia, as well as its $22.58 \%$ stake in Perusahaan Otomobil Kedua Sdn Bhd, the producer of Perodua vehicles, and (iii) its Tier-1 OEM auto parts manufacturing certification.
- UMW for: (i) the mass-market marques under its vehicle dealership business, i.e. Toyota and Perodua, but not without high-margin models such as Perodua Alza and Toyota Veloz, (ii) strong earnings visibility at its vehicle dealership business backed by order backlogs of $>250 \mathrm{k}$ units of vehicles, and (iii) it being a reopening play, given the pick-up seen in its heavy/industrial equipment business and manufacturing of aero-engine fan cases.

| Monthly Sales for Passenger and Commercial Vehicles by Marque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Marque (units) | Feb-23 | Feb-22 | Jan-23 | \% m-o-m | \% y-o-y | YTD 2023 | YTD 2022 | \% y-o-y |
| Passenger |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Perodua | 24,936 | 17,421 | 21,449 | 16\% | 43\% | 46,385 | 34,865 | 33\% |
| Proton | 13,907 | 9,039 | 11,506 | 21\% | 54\% | 25,413 | 13,355 | 90\% |
| Honda | 6,154 | 6,026 | 3,475 | 77\% | 2\% | 9,629 | 9,888 | -3\% |
| Toyota | 6,357 | 4,232 | 4,496 | 41\% | 50\% | 10,853 | 8,691 | 25\% |
| Nissan | 546 | 435 | 487 | 12\% | 26\% | 1,033 | 996 | 4\% |
| Mazda | 1,411 | 456 | 1,208 | 17\% | 209\% | 2,619 | 1,293 | 103\% |
| Others | 2,244 | 2,510 | 1,306 | 72\% | -11\% | 3,568 | 5,601 | -36\% |
| Total | 55,555 | 40,119 | 43,927 | 26\% | 38\% | 99,500 | 74,689 | 33\% |
| Commercial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Toyota | 2,876 | 2,134 | 2,275 | 26\% | 35\% | 5,151 | 5,193 | -1\% |
| Isuzu | 1,256 | 803 | 1,014 | 24\% | 56\% | 2,270 | 1,631 | 39\% |
| Nissan | 232 | 449 | 170 | 36\% | -48\% | 402 | 988 | -59\% |
| Mitsubishi | 1,019 | 559 | 687 | 48\% | 82\% | 1,706 | 1,483 | 15\% |
| Hino | 414 | 315 | 429 | -3\% | 31\% | 843 | 821 | 3\% |
| Mazda | 15 | 19 | 8 | 88\% | -21\% | 23 | 29 | -21\% |
| Others | 1,282 | 664 | 951 | 35\% | 93\% | 2,233 | 1,761 | 27\% |
| Total | 7,094 | 4,943 | 5,534 | 28\% | 44\% | 12,628 | 11,906 | 6\% |
| TIV | 62,649 | 45,062 | 49,461 | 27\% | 39\% | 112,128 | 86,595 | 29\% |

Source: MAA, Kenanga Research

## Monthly TIV



[^0]
## 23 March 2023

Market Share (Overall Passenger) February 2023

$\square$ Perodua $\square$ Proton $\square$ Honda $\square$ Toyota
$\square$ Nissan $\square$ Mazda $\square$ Others
Source: MAA, Kenanga Research
Market Share (Passenger and Commercial) YTD 2023


Source: MAA, Kenanga Research

Market Share (Non-National Passenger) February 23

$\square$ Honda
■Toyota
$\square$ Nissan

- Volkswagen - Hyundai Mazda
■ Others

Source: MAA, Kenanga Research
Market Share (Passenger and Commercial) YTD 2022


Source: MAA, Kenanga Research


Perodua Ativa (plans for hybrid model)


All-new Toyota Vios in 2023


Proton SUV 7-seater in 1HCY23


All-new Perodua Alza


All-new Perodua Axia 2023


Proton SMART\#1 EV in 4Q23


2022 Honda City Hatchback
All-new Honda CR-V 2023


All-new Toyota Veloz


All-New Kia Carnival 8-seater


Mazda CX-30


All-new Honda WR-V in 1H23

## Automotive

## 23 March 2023

Peer Table Comparison

| Name | Rating | Last Price (RM) | Target Price (RM) | Upside (\%) | Market Cap (RM'm) | Shariah Compliant | $\begin{gathered} \text { Curren } \\ t \\ \text { FYE } \end{gathered}$ | Core EPS (sen) |  | Core EPS Growth |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PER }(x) \text { - Core } \\ & \text { Earnings } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PBV } \\ & (\mathrm{x}) \end{aligned}$ | ROE <br> (\%) | Net. Div. (sen) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net Div } \\ \text { Yld } \\ (\%) \\ \text { 1-Yr. } \\ \text { Fwd. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1-Yr. <br> Fwd. | $2-\mathrm{Yr} \text {. }$ <br> Fwd. | 1-Yr. <br> Fwd. | 2-Yr. <br> Fwd. | 1-Yr. <br> Fwd. | 2-Yr. <br> Fwd. | 1-Yr. <br> Fwd. | 1-Yr. <br> Fwd. | $1-\mathrm{Yr} \text {. }$ <br> Fwd. |  |
| Stocks Under Coverage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BERM AZAUTO BHD | OP | 2.17 | 2.90 | 33.64\% | 2,506.0 | Y | 04/2023 | 21.6 | 22.8 | 61.1\% | 5.6\% | 10.0 | 9.5 | 3.5 | 37.2\% | 15.1 | 7.0\% |
| DRB-HICOM BHD | MP | 1.41 | 1.40 | -0.71\% | 2,667.9 | Y | 12/2023 | 15.4 | 16.2 | -1.9\% | 5.3\% | 9.1 | 8.7 | 0.3 | 3.4\% | 2.0 | 1.4\% |
| M BM RESOURCES BHD | OP | 3.40 | 4.60 | 35.29\% | 1,321.2 | Y | 12/2023 | 65.6 | 67.7 | 14.5\% | 3.2\% | 5.2 | 5.0 | 0.6 | 12.0\% | 26.0 | 7.6\% |
| SIME DARBY BHD | OP | 2.16 | 2.60 | 20.37\% | 14,585.4 | Y | 06/2023 | 17.3 | 19.0 | -1.8\% | 10.1\% | 12.5 | 11.4 | 0.9 | 7.3\% | 12.0 | 5.6\% |
| TAN CHONG M OTOR HOLDINGS BHD | UP | 1.10 | 0.800 | -27.27\% | 749.9 | N | 12/2023 | (7.4) | (4.8) | -232.2\% | -164.6\% | N.A. | N.A. | 0.3 | -1.8\% | 3.0 | 2.7\% |
| UM W HOLDINGSBHD | OP | 3.66 | 4.70 | 28.42\% | 4,182.5 | Y | 12/2023 | 35.9 | 38.3 | 6.6\% | 6.7\% | 10.2 | 9.5 | 0.9 | 9.4\% | 15.0 | 4.1\% |
| SECTOR AGGREGATE |  |  |  |  | 26,012.8 |  |  |  |  | 5.1\% | 8.6\% | 11.1 | 10.2 | 0.7 | 6.4\% |  | 4.7\% |

The rest of the page is intentionally left blank

## Stock Ratings are defined as follows:

## Stock Recommendations

OUTPERFORM
MARKET PERFORM
UNDERPERFORM
: A particular stock's Expected Total Return is MORE than 10\%
MARKET PERFORM : A particular stock's Expected Total Return is WITHIN the range of $-5 \%$ to $10 \%$
UNDERPERFORM
: A particular stock's Expected Total Return is LESS than -5\%

## Sector Recommendations***

| OVERWEIGHT | : A particular sector's Expected Total Return is MORE than 10\% |
| :--- | :--- |
| NEUTRAL | : A particular sector's Expected Total Return is WITHIN the range of $-5 \%$ to $10 \%$ |
| UNDERWEIGHT | : A particular sector's Expected Total Return is LESS than -5\% |

## ${ }^{* * *}$ Sector recommendations are defined based on market capitalisation weighted average expected total return for stocks under our coverage.

[^1]Published by:

## KENANGA INVESTMENT BANK BERHAD (15678-H)

Level 17, Kenanga Tower, 237, Jalan Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
Telephone: (603) 21720880 Website: www.kenanga.com.my E-mail: research@kenanga.com.my


[^0]:    Source: MAA, Kenanga Research

[^1]:    This document has been prepared for general circulation based on information obtained from sources believed to be reliable but we do not make any representations as to its accuracy or completeness. Any recommendation contained in this document does not have regard to the specific investment objectives, financial situation and the particular needs of any specific person who may read this document. This document is for the information of addressees only and is not to be taken in substitution for the exercise of judgement by addressees. Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad accepts no liability whatsoever for any direct or consequential loss arising from any use of this document or any solicitations of an offer to buy or sell any securities. Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad and its associates, their directors, and/or employees may have positions in, and may effect transactions in securities mentioned herein from time to time in the open market or otherwise, and may receive brokerage fees or act as principal or agent in dealings with respect to these companies.

