# KENANGA SHARIAH ONEPRS GROWTH FUND

# **SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT**

For the Financial Period from 1 June 2023 to 30 November 2023



Kenanga Investors Berhad Company No. 199501024358 (353563-P)

# **KENANGA SHARIAH ONEPRS GROWTH FUND**

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### CORPORATE DIRECTORY

# <u>Private Retirement Scheme (PRS) Provider:</u> Kenanga Investors Berhad

Company No. 199501024358 (353563-P)

## **Registered Office**

Level 17, Kenanga Tower 237, Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Tel: 03-2172 2888 Fax: 03-2172 2999

### **Board of Directors**

Choy Khai Choon (Chairman, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director) Imran Devindran Abdullah (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Norazian Ahmad Tajuddin (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Luk Wai Hong, William (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

Norazilla Binti Md Tahir (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Datuk Wira Ismitz Matthew De Alwis
(Chief Executive Officer, Executive
Director)

## **Business Office**

Level 14, Kenanga Tower 237, Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Tel: 03-2172 3000 Fax: 03-2172 3080

E-mail: investorservices@kenanga.com.my Website: www.kenangainvestors.com.my

### **Investment Committee**

Imran Devindran Abdullah (Independent Member)

Norazian Ahmad Tajuddin (Independent Member)

Norazilla Binti Md Tahir (Independent Member)

Luk Wai Hong, William (Non-Independent Member)

Datuk Wira Ismitz Matthew De Alwis (Non-Independent Member)

# Company Secretary: Norliza Abd Samad (MAICSA 7011089)

Level 17, Kenanga Tower, 237, Jalan Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

# Trustee: CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad Company No. 198801000556 (167913-M)

# **Registered Office**

Level 13, Menara CIMB Jalan Stesen Sentral 2 Kuala Lumpur Sentral 50470 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 03-2261 8888 Fax: 03-2261 0099 Website: www.cimb.com

### **Business Office**

Level 21, Menara CIMB Jalan Stesen Sentral 2 Kuala Lumpur Sentral 50470 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 03-2261 8888 Fax: 03-2261 9894

## Shariah Adviser: Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad Company No. 197301002193 (15678-H)

### Registered Office:

Level 17, Kenanga Tower 237, Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 03-2172 2888 Fax: 03- 2172 2999 Business Office:

Level 16, Kenanga Tower 237, Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 03-2172 2727 Fax: 03- 2172 2897

Website: www.kenanga.com.my

# Auditor: Ernst & Young PLT Company No. 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039

Level 23A, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, 50490 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 03-7495 8000 Fax: 03-2095 5332

# Tax Adviser: Ernst & Young Tax Consultants Sdn Bhd Company No. 198901002487 (179793-K)

Level 23A, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, 50490 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 03-7495 8000 Fax: 03-2095 5332

# Administrator: Private Pension Administrator Malaysia (PPA)

Level 13A, Bangunan Tierra Crest, Jalan SS 6/3, 47301 Petaling Jaya, Selangor. Tel: 1300 131 772 Website: www.ppa.my Email: askppa@ppa.my

# Membership: Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia (FIMM)

19-06-1, 6th Floor, Wisma Tune, 19, Lorong Dungun, Damansara Heights, 50490 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 03-2093 2600 Fax: 03-2093 2700 Website: www.fimm.com.mv

# **DIRECTORY OF PRS PROVIDER'S OFFICES**

### **Regional Branch Offices:**

### **Kuala Lumpur**

Level 13, Kenanga Tower 237, Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-2172 3123

Fax: 03-2172 3133

### Melaka

No. 43, Jalan KSB 11 Taman Kota Syahbandar 75200 Melaka Tel No. 06-240 2310 Fax No. 06-240 2287

### Klang

No. 12, Jalan Batai Laut 3 Taman Intan

41300 Klang, Selangor

Tel: 03-3341 8818 / 03-3348 7889

Fax: 03-3341 8816

### Penang

5.04, 5th Floor Menara Boustead Penang No. 39, Jalan Sultan Ahmad Shah 10050 Penang

Tel: 04-210 6628 Fax: 04-210 6644

### Miri

2nd Floor, Lot 1264 Centre Point Commercial Centre Jalan Melayu 98000 Miri, Sarawak Tel: 085-416 866 Fax: 085-322 340

# Seremban

2nd Floor, No. 1D-2 Jalan Tuanku Munawir 70000 Seremban Negeri Sembilan Tel: 06-761 5678

Fax: 06-761 5678

### Johor Bahru

No. 63 Jalan Molek 3/1,Taman Molek 81100 Johor Bahru, Johor

Tel: 07-288 1683 Fax: 07-288 1693

# Kuching

1st Floor, No 71 Lot 10900, Jalan Tun Jugah 93350 Kuching, Sarawak Tel: 082-572 228

Fax: 082-572 229

### Kuantan

Ground Floor Shop No. B8, Jalan Tun Ismail 1 25000 Kuantan, Pahang Tel: 09-514 3688

Fax: 09-514 3838

### lpoh

No. 1, Jalan Leong Sin Nam 30300 Ipoh, Perak Tel: 05-254 7573 / 7570

Fax: 05-254 7606

### Kota Kinabalu

Level 8, Wisma Great Eastern No. 68, Jalan Gaya 88000 Kota Kinabalu, Sabah Tel: 088-203 063

Fax: 088-203 062

# **Damansara Uptown**

44B, Jalan SS21/35 Damansara Utama 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Tel: 03-7710 8828

Fax: 03-7710 8830

### Kota Damansara

C26-1, Dataran Sunway Jalan PJU 5/17 Kota Damansara 47510 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Tel: 03-6150 3612

Tel: 03-6150 3612 Fax: 03-6150 3906

### Kluang

No. 1, Aras 1, Jalan Haji Manan Pusat Perniagaan Komersial Haji Manan 86000 Kluang, Johor

Tel: 07-710 2700 Fax: 07-710 2150

#### 1 FUND INFORMATION

#### 11 **Fund Name**

Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Growth Fund (**PKSOGF** or **the Fund**)

#### 1.2 Fund Category / Type

Core (Growth)

#### 1.3 **Investment Objective**

The Fund aims to provide capital growth over the long-term through investments in Shariahcompliant equities and sukuk.

#### 1.4 **Investment Strategy**

The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing in local and/or foreign diversified portfolio of primarily Shariah-compliant equities, as well as sukuk and Islamic money market instruments. The Fund may invest up to 80% of the Fund's NAV in Shariah-compliant equities and at least 20% of the Fund's NAV in sukuk and Islamic money market instruments. The Fund may also invest in Islamic collective investment schemes as permitted under the Deed and Guidelines

#### 1.5 Performance Benchmark

A composite of FBM EMAS Shariah Index (80%) and Maybank 1-Month GIA rate (20%).

#### 1.6 **Distribution Policy**

Distribution (if any) will be declared annually and automatically reinvested into the Fund.

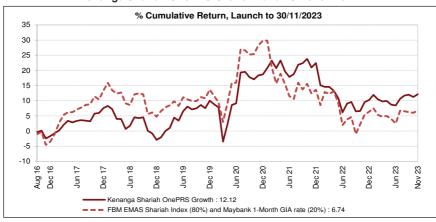
#### 2 PRS PROVIDER'S REPORT

#### 2.1 Explanation on whether the Fund has achieved its investment objective

During the financial period under review, the Fund fulfilled its investment objective, having invested in a diversified portfolio of Shariah-compliant equities and sukuk. The Fund invested in Shariah-compliant equities, which do not exceed its maximum limit of 80% of Fund's Net Asset Value (NAV). Meanwhile, the investment in sukuk and Islamic money market instruments was at least 20% of the Fund's NAV.

#### 2.2 Comparison between the Fund's performance and performance of the benchmark

# Performance Chart Since Launch (18/08/2016 - 30/11/2023) Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Growth Fund vs Benchmark\*



<sup>\*</sup> FBM EMAS Shariah Index (80%) and Maybank 1-Month GIA rate (20%) Source: Novagni Analytics & Advisory

#### 2.3 Investment strategies and policies employed during the financial period under review

Since the size of the Fund is below RM200 million, it is currently invested in Islamic collective investment schemes (CIS) managed by the PRS Provider which is in line with the Fund's asset allocation.

As at 30 November 2023, the Fund had invested 67% of its NAV in Kenanga Svariah Growth Fund (KSGF) and 31% in Kenanga Bon Islam Fund (KBIF). KSGF is an equity fund which aims to provide investors with long-term capital growth by investing principally in equities that comply with Shariah requirements. Meanwhile, KBIF is a fixed income fund with an objective to provide investors with a regular income stream through investments in sukuk and Islamic money market instruments.

### 2.4 The Fund's asset allocation as at 30 November 2023 and comparison with the previous financial period

Asset	30 Nov 2023	30 Nov 2022
Unlisted Shariah-compliant collective investment schemes	98.2%	98.0%
Cash	1.8%	2.0%

### Reason for the differences in asset allocation

Asset allocation into Shariah-compliant CIS increased slightly to 98.2% as at end-November 2023 due to appreciation in value of the investments during the financial period under review.

### 2.5 Fund performance analysis based on NAV per unit (adjusted for income distribution; if any) since last review period

	Period under review
PKSOGF	3.13%
FBM EMAS Shariah Index (80%) and Maybank 1-Month GIA	
rate (20%)	3.82%

Source: Lipper IM

For the financial period under review, the Fund underperformed its benchmark due to asset allocation and at a smaller extent, stock selection in equity within KSGF.

#### 2.6 Review of the market

### Equity market review

US equities surged in June 2023, with the S&P 500 gaining 6.5%, its best month since October while the Nasdag advanced 6.6%. Both indexes notched a fourth consecutive positive month. The Dow Jones climbed 4.6%, its best month since November. This advance came amid moderating inflation and signs that the US economy remains resilient despite higher interest rates. May's inflation dropped to 4.05%, a two-year low. Core inflation dipped slightly, while Consumer Price Index (CPI) saw a marginal month-on-month (MoM) increase. The Federal Reserve (Fed) kept rates unchanged at 5.25% in its June 14th meeting, the first meeting without a rate hike in 11 meetings. Locally, Malaysian equities struggled, with the FBM KLCI, FBM 100, and FBM Shariah posting MoM declines of 0.8%, 1.1%, and 1.8% respectively, except for FBM Small Cap, which rose by 0.1% MoM. Year-to-date (YTD), the FBM KLCI dropped by 7.9% due to foreign selling, driven by concerns over the global economy's slowdown, political uncertainties surrounding the six-state elections, and Ringgit weakness. In June, the government made an announcement to cut the stamp duty rate from 0.15% to 0.10% to enhance competitiveness in the Malaysian stock market.

In July 2023, global equity markets rose due to positive signs of slowing inflation in several economies, the expectation that policy rates were near their peak, optimism for a soft landing in the US, and continued interest in artificial intelligence (Al). Contrary to previous months, emerging markets outperformed developed markets. US Dow Jones, \$&P 500, and Nasdag gained 3.4%, 3.1%, and 4.1% MoM, respectively, US CPI moderated to 3% year-on-year (YoY) in June. Core CPI (excluding food and energy) posted at 4.8%, its lowest since October 2021. As expected, the Fed raised interest rates by 25 basis points (bps) at the July Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) meeting to 5.25-5.50%, the highest level in 22 years, resuming its tightening campaign after a pause in June. The Fed emphasized data dependence for its September decision. Meanwhile, US Gross Domestic Product (GDP) grew faster than expected by an annualised 2.4% quarter-on-quarter (QoQ) (1Q2023; 2% QoQ), underpinned mainly by the sustained rise in private consumption and improved investment activities.

#### 2.6 Review of the market (contd.)

### Equity market review (contd.)

Global equity markets retraced in August with US S&P 500, Nasdag and Dow Jones were down 1.8%, 2.2% and 2.4% MoM. US CPI rose 3.2% YoY in July which was slightly below expectations while core CPI was up by 4.7% YoY which was in line with estimates. Fitch Ratings downgraded US debt rating from the highest AAA rating to AA+, citing "a steady deterioration in standards of governance". Moody's also downgraded several small to midsized US banks and warned of possible cuts to others. Job openings fell to the lowest since March 2021 as labor market softens. Chinese equities were sharply lower on weaker economy activities including retail sales, industrial output and investment which came below expectations. Locally, FBM KLCI and FBM Shariah recorded MoM losses of 0.5% and 0.3% while FBM100 and FBM Small Cap recorded MoM gains of 0.2% and 3.1% respectively. On a YTD basis, FBM KLCI, FBM Shariah and FBM100 declined by 2.9%, 0.2% and 0.1% while FBM Small Cap gained 7.7%. The six state elections concluded on 12 August with status quo being broadly maintained. Unity Government retained control in Penang, Selangor and Negeri Sembilan but Perikatan Nasional (PN) made inroads into these three states while Kedah, Terengganu, and Kelantan staved with the opposition PN bloc. Malaysia's GDP growth slowed to 2.9% YoY in 2Q2023 (5.6% in 1Q2023), below market expectations of 3.3% YoY weighed mainly by slower external demand.

Global equity markets retraced in September with notable declines in the US indices: the S&P 500, Nasdaq, and Dow Jones registered drops of 4.9%, 5.1%, and 3.5% MoM, respectively. This market correction followed the FOMC decision and the moderate rise in US inflation, which led investors to assess the implications of these developments. The focal point was the Fed's decision to maintain the Fed Funds Rate (FFR) target range at 5.25% to 5.5%. The accompanying dot plot indicated an expectation of one more interest rate hike within the current year. This outlook was underpinned by factors such as robust economic growth, a tight job market, and persistently high inflation. Locally, Malaysian equity indices recorded mixed results in September. FBM KLCI, FBM Shariah, and FBM100 experienced MoM losses of 1.9%, 0.4%, and 1.6%, respectively, while FBM Small Cap posted MoM gains of 0.7%. On a YTD basis, FBM KLCI, FBM Shariah, and FBM100 declined by 4.8%, 0.6%, and 1.7%, respectively, while FBM Small Cap gained 8.5%. Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) maintained the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) at 3.0% in its September policy meeting. The Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) statement indicated a shift away from a "slightly accommodative" stance and removed references to "financial imbalances", signaling an extended pause in OPR. The MPC assessed risks to both growth and inflation outlooks as roughly balanced. with potential upside risks to inflation dependent on global commodity prices and domestic policy decisions.

In October 2023, global equities (MSCI World), experienced a 3.0% MoM decline, primarily driven by significant drops in key US indices, the S&P 500, Nasdaq and Dow Jones fell by 2.2%, 2.1%, and 1.4% MoM, respectively. This decline was exacerbated by escalating geopolitical tensions. Notably, all three indexes recorded their third consecutive negative month, marking the first three-month losing streak for the Dow and S&P 500 since 2020. The market downturn was also attributed to concerns that US policymakers might maintain high interest rates to curb inflation, potentially hampering economic growth. As expected, the FOMC meeting on 31 October to 1 November 2023 ended with the Fed staying on pause mode. The last change in the target FFR range was a 25bps hike to a 22-year high of 5.25%-5.50% at the 25-26 July 2023 FOMC meeting. Locally, Malaysian equity indices recorded mixed results in October, FBM KLCI, and FBM100 experienced MoM gains of 1.3% and 0.7%, respectively. while FBM Shariah and FBM Small Cap posted MoM losses of 0.3% and 2.0% respectively. On a YTD basis, FBM KLCI, FBM Shariah, and FBM100 declined by 3.6%, 0.9%, and 1.0%, respectively, while FBM Small Cap gained 6.3%. After three sequential months of net buy, foreign flows turned negative on Malaysian equities in Oct 2023 with a RM2.18 billion net

### 2.6 Review of the market (contd.)

### Equity market review (contd.)

sell (Sep: RM674 million). This lifted the foreign net sell for 10 months of 2023 to RM4.15 billion, reversing out almost the entire inflow of RM4.4 billion in 2022. Malaysia's 2024 Budget was tabled in Parliament on 13 October and overall there was no major surprise. The budget focuses on taking reform measures towards fiscal consolidation, which is positive to the economy in the medium to longer term: a) cut fiscal deficit to 4.3%; b) increase revenue by raising service tax to 8%, introduce capital gain tax on unlisted shares and luxury tax; and c) targeted subsidy rationalisation.

In November 2023, global equities (MSCI World), rose 9.2% MoM, as major stock indexes experienced gains, with the S&P 500, Nasdaq, and Dow Jones rising by 8.9%, 10.7%, and 8.8% MoM, respectively. Notably, growth stocks, especially within the technology sector, outperformed their value counterparts on a global scale. The market was encouraged by the release of the US CPI for October, which turned out to be milder than anticipated. Both headline and core inflation moderated to 3.2% YoY and 4.0% YoY respectively. Meanwhile. the November 2023 FOMC meeting emphasized the Fed's commitment to maintaining policy rates at elevated levels for an extended period. Locally, Malaysian equity indices recorded positive results in November, FBM KLCI, FBM100, FBM Shariah and FBM Small Cap experienced MoM gains of 0.7%, 0.8%, 0.8% and 1.6% respectively. On a YTD basis, FBM KLCI, FBM Shariah, and FBM100 declined by 2.9%, 0.1%, and 0.2%, respectively, while FBM Small Cap gained 8.0%. BNM maintained the OPR at 3.0% in its November policy meeting, balancing both economic growth and inflation. Globally, challenges include persistent inflation, rising interest rates, geopolitical uncertainties, and tighter financial conditions. The MPC also addresses the performance of Malaysian Ringgit (MYR), which is affected by the anticipation of elevated US interest rates and geopolitical tensions that strengthen the US Dollar. BNM indicates that it will manage the risks associated with heightened volatility and suggests that the OPR may not be the primary tool to tackle the depreciation of MYR. Instead, they may employ measures like intervening in the foreign exchange market and monitoring the increase in the 3M KLIBOR to stabilize the currency.

### Fixed income market review

In June, US Treasuries (UST) yields remained elevated on the back of stronger economic data, coupled with unexpected policy rate hikes by the Bank of Canada (BOC) and the Bank of England (BOE). Conversely, the Fed kept its policy rate unchanged at 5.00%-5.25% on 15th June. The Fed's economic projections were upgraded, with growth for 2023 revised higher from 0.4% to 1.0%, and the dot-plot signalling 2 more rate hikes in 2H2023. Overall, the UST yield curve shifted higher across the board during the month with the 2Y UST surging by 50bps to 4.90% and the 10Y UST climbing 20bps to 3.84%.

Locally, the Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) market loosely tracked the UST yield movements in June. On 27th June, S&P reaffirmed Malaysia's long-term sovereign rating of A- with a stable outlook, premised on better domestic growth prospects and its commitment to fiscal consolidation. Overall, the MGS yield curve steepened slightly, with the 3Y yield increasing by 9bps to 3.49% and the 10Y yield 15bps higher at 3.86% as at end-June.

In July, UST fluctuated amid mixed sentiment among market participants. The US labour market remained robust while US 2Q2023 GDP growth accelerated to 2.4% QoQ (1Q2023: 2.0%). The Fed delivered its 11<sup>th</sup> rate hike, raising interest rates by 25bps to 5.25%-5.50% on 27 July (highest level since January 2001). UST traded weaker in August on mixed economic data amid uncertainty over the interest rate outlook. On 1 August, Fitch Ratings downgraded the US' sovereign credit ratings from AAA to AA+ (outlook revised from negative to stable). The higher headline inflation data led the 2Y UST yield to rise above 5% while the 10Y UST yield climbed to 4.34% on 21 August (highest since 2007). Demand for UST improved

# 2.6 Review of the market (contd.)

### Fixed income market review (contd.)

towards month end, following a contraction in Eurozone business activity coupled with softer US Manufacturing and Services data. In September, UST weakened following the latest dot-plot projections on fewer rate cuts in 2024 and surge in crude oil prices, fueling inflationary concerns. On 20 September, the Fed opted to keep its policy rate steady at 5.25%-5.50%. Towards month-end, investors remained cautious over the potential US government shutdown, with 10Y UST yields continuing to edge higher. On a QoQ basis, the 10Y UST yield climbed 73bps to 4.57%, while the 2Y UST yield rose by 14bps to 5.04%, reducing the yield curve inversion to -47bps (end-June: -106bps).

On the local front, the MGS market was relatively stable in July with the 3Y MGS unchanged at 3.49% while the 10Y MGS ended the month 3bps lower at 3.83%. Market sentiment was supported by the strengthening of the MYR as well as BNM decision to maintain the OPR at 3.00% with indication of no further rate hikes for the rest of the year. In August, MGS market was relatively insulated from UST weakness. The MGS market loosely tracked UST movements in September, albeit on a smaller scale given the divergence in interest rate outlook and BNM's decision to maintain the OPR at 3.00% on 7 September. Overall, the MGS yield curve shifted higher in 3Q2023, with the 3Y MGS yield adding 8bps QoQ to 3.57% while the 10Y MGS yield rose 12bps to 3.98%.

Moving into October, UST extended weakness as yields surged following a slew of favourable economic data releases, coupled with hawkish remarks from Fed Chairman, Jerome Powell that strengthened the higher for longer interest rate environment given the resilient US economy and continued tight labour market. The UST yield curve bear steepened during the month which sent the 10Y UST yield rising above 5.00% intraday on 23 October (highest since 2007), before easing to 4.93% (36bps MoM), while the 2Y UST closed 5bps higher MoM to 5.09%.

Locally, the MGS market trended in line with UST yield movements in October, but at a smaller quantum. Market sentiment was further dampened by the weakening of MYR to its lowest level since the 1998 Asian Financial crisis as well as increased bond supply concerns in 4Q2023 following the tabling of Budget 2024 on 13 October. Overall, the MGS yield curve bear steepened slightly, with the 3Y MGS yield rising by 8bps to 3.65% while the 10Y MGS yield closing 12bps higher at 4.10%.

In November, UST rebounded strongly from the weak performance in previous months, as softer economic data boosted expectations for lower interest rates next year. On 1 November, the Fed maintained interest rates at 5.25%-5.50%, while noting that tight financial and credit conditions are likely to weigh on economic activity, hiring and inflation. During the month, the 2Y and 10Y UST yield plunged by 41bps and 60bps MoM to 4.68% and 4.33% respectively.

Similarly, MGS posted a strong performance in November, as positive sentiment in UST spilled over into the local bond market. The 10Y MGS yield tumbled by 29bps from 4.10% at end-October to 3.81% at end-November. Meanwhile, the 3Y MGS yield fell by 19bps MoM to 3.47%. On the monetary policy front, BNM kept the OPR unchanged at 3.00% at its final MPC meeting on 2 November, given the balanced outlook for domestic growth and inflation. In 3Q2023, Malaysia's economy expanded by 3.3% YoY (2Q2023: 5.6%), driven by higher domestic private consumption. YTD, real GDP growth for the first nine months of 2023 averaged 3.9% (vs. FY2023 official forecast: 4.0%). In October 2023, headline CPI eased further to 1.8% YoY (September 2023: 1.9% YoY; 10M2023: 2.7% YoY), partly due to a slower rise in food prices.

### 2.6 Review of the market (contd.)

### Equity market outlook

Markets could remain volatile given concerns of growth slowdown in major regions such as the US, Europe and China. Nonetheless, anticipation of rate cuts and monetary easing could provide some support for global equities.

We maintain our positive outlook on the domestic equity market, as the cloud of political uncertainties has dissipated. Investors are currently anticipating the implementation of government policies and the commencement of infrastructure projects. While currency weakness could negatively impact companies with imported raw materials, exporters should benefit from higher earnings in MYR terms

### Fixed income market outlook

The US economy has begun to show signs of moderation, as restrictive interest rates dampen consumer spending and economic activities. As the Fed rate hike cycle approaches its peak, market participants are looking ahead towards potential rate cuts should the inflation outlook continue to improve. Nonetheless, the Fed continues to advocate a restrictive policy stance until inflation eases sustainably towards its 2% target. Thus, UST yields could still fluctuate over the near term as investors monitor evolving macroeconomic and geopolitical developments.

Locally, inflation is expected to remain modest going into 2024, subject to global commodity prices and changes in domestic subsidies and price controls. Meanwhile, the domestic economy is projected to grow at 4.0%-5.0% in 2024, underpinned by resilient domestic demand. BNM is likely to keep interest rates steady next year, to support economic growth and external uncertainties. Looking ahead, the local bond market is expected to remain supported given ample market liquidity, although subject to fluctuations from global bond market movements.

# **Fund strategy**

On the equities front, we adopt a slightly higher exposure to equities in light of our positive view on the domestic market. Sector wise, we prefer beneficiaries of recent government stimulus policies such as new energy, utilities, construction, property and manufacturing. We adopt a buy on weakness stance for the technology sector as the key beneficiary of long-term growth trends such as AI, Electric Vehicles (EVs) and supply chain relocation.

For fixed income, we continue our investment strategy of investing in liquid, highly sought-after sukuk, to enable swift reaction to changes in market sentiment or outlook. Our focus will continue to be on healthy credits, stable long-term cashflows, solid financial metrics and good corporate governance. We overweight on corporate sukuk for their enhanced yield relative to lower-yielding government sukuk.

### 2.7 Distributions

For the financial period under review, the Fund did not declare any income distribution.

### 2.8 Details of any unit split exercise

The Fund did not carry out any unit split exercise during the financial period under review.

# 2.9 Significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund during the financial period

There were significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund during the financial period and members have been notified via a letter dated 11 August 2023. Please refer to the Appendix I of this report for the list of amendments to the Fund in respect of the First Supplemental Disclosure Document.

The First Supplemental Disclosure Document was issued on 29 September 2023. The changes were effective on 31 August 2023.

# 2.10 Circumstances that materially affect any interests of the members

There were no circumstances that materially affected any interests of the members during the financial period under review.

### 2.11 Rebates and soft commissions

It is the policy of the PRS Provider to credit any rebates received into the account of the Fund. Any soft commissions received by the investment manager on behalf of the Fund are in the form of research and advisory services that assist in the decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund which are of demonstrable benefit to the members of the Fund. Any dealing with the broker or dealer is executed on terms which are the most favourable for the Fund. As the Fund is only invested in unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes, the PRS Provider did not receive any rebates or soft commissions from its stockbrokers during the financial period under review.

### 2.12 Cross-trade

During the financial period under review, no cross-trade transactions were undertaken by the PRS Provider for the Fund

# 2.13 Securities financing transactions

Securities financing transactions are transactions consisting of securities financing or repurchase. During the financial period under review, the Fund had not undertaken any securities financing transactions.

#### **FUND PERFORMANCE** 3.

- 3.1 Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 30 November 2023 against the last three financial years as at 31 May are as follows:
  - a. Distribution among industry sectors and category of Shariah-compliant investments:

	As at 30.11.2023	FY 2023	FY 2022	FY 2021
	%	%	%	%
Unlisted Shariah-compliant collective investment schemes Cash	98.2 1.8	98.2 1.8	98.0	98.3 1.7
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Note: The above mentioned percentages are based on total Shariah-compliant investment market value plus cash.

#### Distribution among markets b.

The Fund invests in unlisted Shariah-compliant collective investment schemes only.

### 3.2 Performance details of the Fund for the financial period ended 30 November 2023 against the last three financial years ended 31 May are as follows:

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	Period from 1.6.2023 to	FY	FY	FY
	30.11.2023	2023	2022	2021
Net asset value ("NAV")				
(RM Million)	5.67	4.67	3.11	2.30
Units in circulation (Million)	10.12	8.59	5.61	3.84
NAV per unit (RM)	0.5606	0.5436	0.5546	0.5986
Highest NAV per unit (RM)	0.5638	0.5632	0.6228	0.6256
Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	0.5397	0.5175	0.5399	0.5399
Total return (%)	3.13	-1.98	-7.35	10.26
- Capital growth (%)	3.13	-1.98	-7.35	10.26
- Income growth (%)	-	-	-	-
Gross distribution per unit (sen)	-	-	-	-
Net distribution per unit (sen)	-	-	-	-
Total expense ratio ("TER") (%)1	0.52	0.39	1.00	0.30
Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR")				
(times) <sup>2</sup>	0.23	0.38	0.46	0.49

Note: Total return is the actual return of the Fund for the respective financial period/years, computed based on NAV per unit and net of all fees.

TER is computed based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. PTR is computed based on the average of the total acquisitions and total disposals of Shariah-compliant investment securities of the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis.

Above NAV and NAV per unit are not shown as ex-distribution as there were no distribution declared by the Fund in the financial period under review.

<sup>1.</sup> TER is lower against the previous financial year due to lower expenses incurred during the financial period under review.

<sup>2.</sup> PTR is lower than previous financial year as it refers to a shorter financial period under review

#### Average total return of the Fund 3.3

	1 Year 30 Nov 22 - 30 Nov 23	3 Years 30 Nov 20 - 30 Nov 23	5 Years 30 Nov 18 - 30 Nov 23
PKSOGF	2.36%	-1.58%	2.91%
A composite of FBM EMAS Shariah Index (80%) and Maybank 1-Month GIA rate		1 63%	2 27%
(80%) and Maybank 1-Month GIA rate (20%)	4.04%	-1.63%	2.279

Source: Lipper

#### 3.4 Annual total return of the Fund

	Period under					
	review 31 May 23 - 30 Nov 23	31 May 22 - 31 May 23		31 May 20 - 31 May 21		31 May 18 - 31 May 19
PKSOGF	3.13%	-1.98%	-7.35%	10.26%	5.01%	2.70%
A composite of FBM EMAS Shariah Index (80%) and Maybank 1-Month GIA rate (20%)	3.82%	-3.43%	-5.32%	7.54%	4.28%	0.25%

Source: Lipper

Investors are reminded that past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. Unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

## KENANGA SHARIAH ONEPRS GROWTH FUND

Unaudited Semi-Annual Financial Statements Together with Trustee's Report, Shariah Adviser's Report and Statement by the PRS Provider 30 November 2023

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# SCHEME TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF KENANGA SHARIAH ONEPRS GROWTH FUND ("Fund")

We have acted as Scheme Trustee of the Fund for the financial period from 1 June 2023 to 30 November 2023 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Kenanga Investors Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the PRS Provider under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Private Retirement Schemes:
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

For and on behalf of CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad

Datin Ezreen Eliza binti Zulkiplee Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

31 January 2024

# SHARIAH ADVISER'S REPORT FOR ISLAMIC PRIVATE RETIREMENT SCHEME FUND TO THE MEMBERS OF KENANGA SHARIAH ONEPRS GROWTH FUND (Fund),

We hereby confirm the following:

- 1. To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Kenanga Investors Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and requirements and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- 2. The assets of the Fund comprise instruments that have been classified as Shariahcompliant.

For Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad Shariah Committee

DR GHAZALI BIN JAAPAR Shariah Adviser/Designated Person Responsible for Shariah Advisory

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

31 January 2024

## STATEMENT BY THE PRS PROVIDER

I, Datuk Wira Ismitz Matthew De Alwis, being a director of Kenanga Investors Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the PRS Provider, the accompanying statement of financial position as at 30 November 2023 and the related statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net asset value and statement of cash flows for the financial period from 1 June 2023 to 30 November 2023 together with notes thereto, are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Growth Fund as at 30 November 2023 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial period from 1 June 2023 to 30 November 2023 and comply with the requirements of the Deed.

For and on behalf of the PRS Provider KENANGA INVESTORS BERHAD

DATUK WIRA ISMITZ MATTHEW DE ALWIS Executive Director/Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

31 January 2024

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JUNE 2023 TO 31 NOVEMBER 2023 (unaudited)

	Note	1.6.2023 to 30.11.2023 RM	1.6.2022 to 30.11.2022 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Profit income  Net gain/(loss) from Shariah-compliant investments: - Financial assets at fair value through profit or		47	35
loss ("FVTPL")	4	165,748	(5,023)
()	-	165,795	(4,988)
EXPENSES	-		
PRS Provider's remuneration	5	11,838	4,393
Trustee's fee	6	413	1,207
Private Pension Administrator ("PPA")			
administration fee	7	1,022	676
Auditors' remuneration	8	-	727
Tax agent's fee Administration expenses	8 8	-	1,051 941
Administration expenses	0	13,273	8,995
	-	13,273	0,995
NET INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX		152,522	(13,983)
Income tax	9		
NET INCOME/(LOSS) AFTER TAX, REPRESENTING TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	-	152,522	(13,983)
Net income/(loss) after tax is made up as follows:		(40, 460)	(42.754)
Realised loss Unrealised gain	4	(19,169) 171,691	(43,754) 29,771
Officalised gairi	→ _	152,522	(13,983)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (unaudited)

	Note	30.11.2023 RM	30.11.2022 RM
ASSETS		T.W	T.W
INVESTMENT			
Financial assets at FVTPL	4	5,561,327	3,736,390
OTHER ASSETS			
Amount due from PRS Provider Cash at bank	-	13,077 102,760 115,837	12,085 75,897 87,982
TOTAL ASSETS	_	5,677,164	3,824,372
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Trustee Amount due to PPA Other payables TOTAL LIABILITIES	10 _	79 184 2,368 2,631	147 239 11,820 12,206
EQUITY			
Members' contribution Retained earnings/(Accumulated losses) NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") ATTRIBUTABLE TO	_	5,578,049 96,484	3,824,926 (12,760)
MEMBERS	11 _	5,674,533	3,812,166
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	-	5,677,164	3,824,372
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	11(a)	10,121,512	6,960,112
NAV PER UNIT (RM)	_	0.5606	0.5477

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSET VALUE FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JUNE 2023 TO 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (unaudited)

	Note	Members' contribution RM	Retained earnings/ (Accumulated losses) RM	Total NAV RM
1.6.2023 to 30.11.2023 At beginning of the financial period Total comprehensive income Creation of units Cancellation of units At end of the financial period	11(a) 11(a)	4,727,811 - 939,545 (89,307) 5,578,049	(56,038) 152,522 - - 96,484	4,671,773 152,522 939,545 (89,307) 5,674,533
1.6.2022 to 30.11.2022 At beginning of the financial period Total comprehensive loss Creation of units Cancellation of units Distribution equalisation At end of the financial period	11(a) 11(a) 11(a)	3,110,399 - 744,774 (30,253) 6 3,824,926	1,223 (13,983) - - - (12,760)	3,111,622 (13,983) 744,774 (30,253) 6 3,812,166

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JUNE 2023 TO 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (unaudited)

	1.6.2023 to 30.11.2023 RM	1.6.2022 to 30.11.2022 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at FVTPL Hibah from Islamic current account received Trustee's fee paid PPA fees paid PRS Provider's fee paid Payment for other fees and expenses Purchase of financial assets at FVTPL Net cash used in operating and investing activities	783,995 47 (499) (996) (10,085) (12,938) (1,588,577) (828,326)	390,079 35 (2,058) (642) (5,711) (307) (1,069,331) (687,935)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from units created Cash paid on units cancelled Net cash generated from financing activities	938,538 (89,307) 849,231	732,960 (30,253) 702,707
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	20,905 81,855	14,772 61,125
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	102,760	75,897
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at bank	102,760	75,897

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JUNE 2023 TO 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (unaudited)

## 1. THE FUND, THE PRS PROVIDER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Growth Fund ("the Fund") was constituted pursuant to the executed Deed dated 30 November 2015 (collectively, together with the deeds supplemental thereto, referred to as "the Deed") between the Private Retirement Scheme Provider ("PRS Provider"). Kenanga Investors Berhad and CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad ("the Trustee"). The Fund commenced operations on 18 August 2016 and will continue to be in operation until terminated as provided under Part 16 of the Deed.

Kenanga Investors Berhad is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad that is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. All of these companies are incorporated in Malaysia.

The principal place of business of the PRS Provider is Level 14, Kenanga Tower, 237, Jalan Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur.

The Fund aims to provide capital growth over the long term through investments in Shariah-compliant equities and sukuk. The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing a maximum of 80% of the Fund's NAV in Shariah-compliant equities and at least 20% of the Fund's NAV in sukuk and Islamic money market instruments. However, at the launch of the Fund, the Fund aims to meet its objective and asset allocation by investing a maximum of 95% of the Fund's NAV in any one of the Islamic collective investment schemes ("Target Fund") managed by the PRS Provider that is in line with the Fund's asset allocation. Such investment shall be from the launch of the Fund until the Fund reaching RM200 million NAV.

# 2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks including market risk (which includes interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and Shariah status reclassification risk. Whilst these are the most important types of financial risks inherent in each type of financial instruments, the PRS Provider and the Trustee would like to highlight that this list does not purport to constitute an exhaustive list of all the risks inherent in a Shariah compliant investment in the Fund.

The Fund has an approved set of investment guidelines and policies as well as internal controls which sets out its overall business strategies to manage these risks to optimise returns and preserve capital for the members, consistent with the long term objectives of the Fund

### a. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk includes interest rate risk and price risk.

Market risk arises when the value of the Shariah-compliant investments fluctuates in response to the activities of individual companies, general market or economic conditions. It stems from the fact that there are economy-wide perils, which threaten all businesses. Hence, investors are exposed to market uncertainties. Fluctuation in the Shariah-compliant investment's price caused by uncertainties in the economic, political and social environment will affect the NAV of the Fund.

The PRS Provider manages the risk of unfavourable changes in prices by cautious review of the Shariah-compliant investments and continuous monitoring of their performance and risk profiles.

### i. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to how the changes in the interest rate environment would affect the valuation of Shariah-compliant instruments. In the event of a rising interest rate environment, the valuation of Shariah-compliant instruments may decrease, and vice versa. Interest rate, such as the Overnight Policy Rate set by Bank Negara Malaysia, will have an impact on the investment decisions of the Fund regardless of whether it is a Shariah-compliant fund or otherwise. It does not in any way suggest that the Fund will invest in conventional financial instruments

The Fund is not exposed to interest rate risk as it does not hold any assets and liabilities that have exposure to interest rate movement. However, the Fund has indirect exposure to interest rate risk through its Shariah-compliant investments in the unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes

### ii. Price risk

Price risk is the risk of unfavourable changes in the NAV of unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes. The Fund invests in unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes which are exposed to price fluctuations. This may then affect the NAV per unit of the Fund.

# a. Market risk (contd.)

## ii. Price risk (contd.)

### Price risk sensitivity

The PRS Provider's best estimate of the effect on the income/(loss) for the financial period due to a reasonably possible change in investments in unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes with all other variables held constant is indicated in the table below:

	Changes in price Increase/(Decrease) Basis points	income/(loss) for the financial period Gain/(Loss) RM
<b>30.11.2023</b> Financial assets at FVTPL	5/(5)	2,781/(2,781)
<b>30.11.2022</b> Financial assets at FVTPL	5/(5)	1,868/(1,868)

In practice, the actual trading results may differ from the sensitivity analysis above and the difference could be material.

### Price risk concentration

The following table sets out the Fund's exposure and concentration to price risk based on its portfolio of Shariah-compliant financial instruments as at the reporting date.

	Fair value		Percentage of NAV	
	30.11.2023 RM	30.11.2022 RM	30.11.2023 %	30.11.2022 %
Financial assets at	5.561.327	3.736.390	98.0	98.0

### b. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. The PRS Provider manages the credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

## i. Credit risk exposure

As at the reporting date, the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial asset recognised in the statement of financial position.

# b. Credit risk (contd.)

# ii. Financial assets that are either past due or impaired

As at the reporting date, there are no financial assets that are either past due or impaired.

# c. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are to be settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or cancel its units earlier than expected. The Fund is exposed to cancellation of its units on a regular basis. Units sold to members by the PRS Provider are cancellable at the members' option based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of cancellation calculated in accordance with the Deed.

The Islamic liquid asset comprises cash at bank.

The following table analyses the maturity profile of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities in order to provide a complete view of the Fund's contractual commitments and liquidity.

		Up to 1 year	
	Note	30.11.2023 RM	30.11.2022 RM
Assets			
Financial assets at FVTPL		5,561,327	3,736,390
Other financial assets	_	115,837	87,982
	i.	5,677,164	3,824,372
Liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	ii.	263	386
Equity	iii.	5,674,533	3,812,166
Liquidity gap	_	2,368	11,820

### Financial assets

Analysis of financial assets at FVTPL into maturity groupings is based on the expected date on which these assets will be realised. The Fund's investments in unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes have been included in the "up to 1 year" category on the assumption that these are highly liquid Shariah-compliant investments which can be realised should all of the Fund's members' equity be required to be redeemed. For other financial assets, the analysis into maturity groupings is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or if earlier, the expected date on which the assets will be realised

## c. Liquidity risk (contd.)

### ii. Financial liabilities

The maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or if earlier, the date on which the liabilities will be settled. When counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Fund can be required to pay.

### iii. Equity

As the members can request for redemption of their units, they have been categorised as having a maturity of "up to 1 year".

### d. Shariah status reclassification risk

Shariah status reclassification risk is the risk that the currently held Shariah-compliant equity securities through the portfolio of Islamic Target Funds may be reclassified as Shariah non-compliant in the periodic review of the securities by the Shariah Advisory Council of the Securities Commission Malaysia ("SACSC") or the Shariah Adviser. If this occurs, the PRS Provider will take the necessary steps to dispose of such securities

There may be opportunity loss to the Islamic Target Fund due to the Islamic Target Fund not being allowed to retain the excess capital gains derived from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant equities. The value of the Islamic Target Fund may also be adversely affected in the event of a disposal of Shariah non-compliant equities at a price lower than the investment cost.

In such an event, the Islamic Target Fund is required:

i. to dispose of such securities with immediate effect or within one calendar month if the value of the securities exceeds or is equal to the investment cost on the effective date of reclassification of the list of Shariah-compliant securities ("Reclassification") by the SACSC or date of review ("Review") by the Shariah Adviser. The Islamic Target Fund is allowed to keep dividends received and capital gains from the disposal of the securities up to the effective date of Reclassification or Review. However, any dividends received and excess capital gains from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant securities on and after the effective date of Reclassification or Review should be channelled to baitulmal and/or charitable bodies advised by the Shariah Adviser;

# d. Shariah status reclassifiation risk (contd.)

- ii. to hold such securities if the value of the said securities is below the investment cost on the effective date of Reclassification or Review until the total subsequent dividends received (if any) and the market price of the securities is equal to the cost of investment at which time disposal has to take place within one calendar month, capital gains (if any) from the disposal of the securities should be channelled to baitulmal and/or charitable bodies advised by the Shariah Adviser: or
- iii. to dispose of such securities at a price lower than the investment cost which will result in a decrease in the Islamic Target Fund's value.

# e. Regulatory reportings

It is the PRS Provider's responsibility to ensure full compliance of all requirements under the Guidelines on Private Retirement Schemes issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia. Any breach of any such requirement has been reported in the mandatory reporting to the Securities Commission Malaysia on a monthly basis.

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### a. Basis of accounting

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the amended MFRS, which became effective for the Fund on 1 June 2023

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
MFRS 17: Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 17: Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendment to MFRS 17: Initial Application of MFRS 17 and MFRS 9	
— Comparative Information	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 108: Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 112: Deferred Tax related to Assets and	
Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 112: International Tax Reform — Pillar Two	

## a. Basis of accounting (contd.)

The adoption of the new and amended MFRS did not have any significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Fund.

### b. Amendments to standards issued but not vet effective

As at the reporting date, the following new standard and amendments to standards that have been issued by MASB will be effective for the Fund in future financial periods. The Fund intends to adopt the relevant standard and amendments to standards when they become effective.

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 16: Lease Liability in a Sale and	
Leaseback	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101: Non-current Liabilities with	
Covenants	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 107 and MFRS 7: Supplier Finance	
Arrangements	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 121: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution	
of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint	To be announced
Venture	by MASB

These pronouncements are not expected to have any significant impact to the financial statements of the Fund upon their initial application.

# c. Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments

### i. Initial recognition

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments, as described in Notes 3(c)(ii) and (iii).

### c. Financial instruments (contd.)

# ii. Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

The Fund classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

- Amortised cost:
- Fair value through other comprehensive income: and
- Fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund may designate financial instruments at FVTPL. if so doing eliminates or significantly reduces measurement or recognition inconsistencies.

Financial assets are initially measured at their fair values plus, except in the case of financial assets recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs.

The Fund's other financial assets include cash at banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other receivables.

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPL or other financial liabilities.

The Fund's other financial liabilities include trade payables and other payables.

Other financial liabilities are recognised and initially measured at fair values, net of directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective yield rate ("EYR"). Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

### c. Financial instruments (contd.)

# iii. Due from banks, short term deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost

The Fund only measures the cash at banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows: and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit ("SPPP") on the principal amount outstanding.

The details of these conditions are outlined below

### **Business model assessment**

The Fund determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective.

The Fund's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the entity's key management personnel;
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed;
- How the PRS Provider of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected); and
- The expected frequency, value and timing of sales are also important aspects of the Fund's assessment.

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cash flows after initial recognition are realised in a way that is different from the Fund's original expectations, the Fund does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model but incorporates such information when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward, unless it has been determined that there has been a change in the original business model.

### c. Financial instruments (contd.)

## iii. Due from banks, short term deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost (contd.)

### The SPPP test

As a second step of its classification process, the Fund assesses the contractual terms of financial assets to identify whether they meet the SPPP test.

'Principal' for the purpose of this test is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition and may change over the life of the financial asset (for example, if there are repayments of principal or amortisation/accretion of the premium/discount).

The most significant elements of profit within a financing arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPP assessment, the Fund applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated, and the period for which the profit rate is set.

In contrast, contractual terms that introduce a more than de minimis exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic financing arrangement do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the amount outstanding. In such cases, the financial asset is required to be measured at FVTPL.

# iv. Financial Investments

Financial assets in this category are those that are managed in a fair value business model, or that have been designated by management upon initial recognition, or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under MFRS 9. This category includes debt instruments whose cash flow characteristics fail the SPPP criterion or are not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell.

# d. Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Fund also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

## d. Derecognition of financial assets (contd.)

The Fund has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either:

- The Fund has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset: or
- It retains the rights to the cash flows but has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'passthrough' arrangement.

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Fund retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following three conditions are met:

- The Fund has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term advances with the right to full recovery of the amount lent plus accrued interest at market rates:
- The Fund cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients; and
- The Fund has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay. In addition, the Fund is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents including interest earned, during the period between the collection date and the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients.

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- The Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset

The Fund considers control to be transferred if and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer

When the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards and has retained control of the asset, the asset continues to be recognised only to the extent of the Fund's continuing involvement, in which case, the Fund also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Fund has retained.

## SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

# d. Derecognition of financial assets (contd.)

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration the Fund could be required to pay.

If continuing involvement takes the form of a written or purchased option (or both) on the transferred asset, the continuing involvement is measured at the value the Fund would be required to pay upon repurchase. In the case of a written put option on an asset that is measured at fair value, the extent of the entity's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

## Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis and to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

# Impairment of financial assets

## Overview of the expected credit loss ("ECL") principles

The Fund measures its receivables impairment using the forward-looking ECL approach in accordance with the requirements of MFRS 9.

## ii. Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Fund has stopped pursuing the recovery. If the amount to be written off is greater than the accumulated loss allowance, the difference is first treated as an addition to the allowance that is then applied against the gross carrying amount. Any subsequent recoveries are credited to credit loss expense.

# g. Income

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable

Profit income is recognised using the effective yield method.

Dividend income is recognised on declared basis, when the right to receive the dividend is established.

The realised gain or loss on sale of Shariah-compliant investments is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the Shariah-compliant investment.

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

## h. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash at banks and short term deposits with licensed financial institutions with maturities of three months or less, which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

## Income tax

Income tax on the profit or loss for the financial period comprises current tax. Current tax is the expected amount of income taxes payable in respect of the taxable profit for the financial period.

As no temporary differences have been identified, no deferred tax has been recognised.

#### į. Unrealised reserves

Unrealised reserves represent the net gain or loss arising from carrying Shariahcompliant investments at their fair values at reporting date. This reserve is not distributable.

## Members' contribution - NAV attributable to members

The members' contribution to the Fund is classified as equity instruments.

Distribution equalisation represents the average amount of undistributed net income included in the creation or cancellation price of units. This amount is either refunded to members by way of distribution and/or adjusted accordingly when units are released back to the Trustee.

# I. Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is also the Fund's functional currency.

## m. Distributions

Distributions are at the discretion of the PRS Provider. A distribution to the Fund's members is accounted for as a deduction from retained earnings.

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

# n. Significant accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain accounting estimates and exercise of judgment. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on past experience, reasonable expectations of future events and other factors.

# Critical judgments made in applying accounting policies

There are no major judgments made by the PRS Provider in applying the Fund's accounting policies.

# ii. Key sources of estimation uncertainty

There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period.

## 4. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

	30.11.2023 RM	30.11.2022 RM
Financial assets held for trading, at FVTPL:		
Unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes	5,561,327	3,736,390
	1.6.2023 to 30.11.2023	1.6.2022 to 30.11.2022
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at FVTPL comprised:		
Realised loss on disposals	(5,942)	(34,794)
Unrealised changes in fair values	171,690	29,771
	165,748	(5,023)

## 4. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONTD.)

Details of financial assets at FVTPL as at 30 November 2023:

	Quantity	Aggregate cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes				
Kenanga Bon Islam Fund Kenanga Syariah Growth Fund	2,426,880 3,558,609	1,741,283 3,874,466	1,756,818 3,804,509	31.0 67.0
Total unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes, representing total financial assets at FVTPL		5,615,749	5,561,327	98.0
Unrealised loss on financial assets at FVTPL			(54,422)	

### 5. PRS PROVIDER'S REMUNERATION

PRS Provider's remuneration is calculated on a daily basis at a rate up to 5.00% per annum of the NAV of the Fund as provided under Division 17.1 of the Deed.

The PRS Provider is currently charging PRS Provider's remuneration of 1.55% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (financial period from 1 June 2022 to 30 November 2022: 1.55%).

As the Fund invested in units of Kenanga Bon Islam Fund and Kenanga Syariah Growth Fund managed by the PRS Provider, any management fee charged to the unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes is fully refunded to the Fund. Accordingly, there is no double charging of management fee during the current and previous financial periods.

## 6. TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee's fee is calculated on a daily basis at a rate not exceeding 0.02% per annum of the NAV of the Fund and subject to a minimum fee of RM6.000 per annum as provided under Division 17.2 of the Deed

The Trustee's fee is calculated at 0.020% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (financial period from 1 June 2022 to 30 November 2022; 0.015% per annum). The remaining balance of the minimum fee is being borne by the PRS Provider for the current and previous financial periods.

## 7. PRIVATE PENSION ADMINISTRATOR ("PPA") ADMINISTRATION FEE

PPA administration fee is calculated on a daily basis at a rate of 0.04% per annum of the NAV of the Fund.

The PPA's fee is currently calculated at 0.04% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (financial period from 1 June 2022 to 30 November 2022: 0.04% per annum).

## 8. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION, TAX AGENT'S FEE AND OTHER ADMINISTRATION **EXPENSES**

The auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee and certain other administration expenses for the current financial year were borne by the PRS Provider.

## 9. INCOME TAX

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% of the estimated assessable income for the current and previous financial periods.

Income tax is calculated on Shariah-compliant investment income less partial deduction for permitted expenses as provided for under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act. 1967.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income/(loss) before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	1.6.2023 to 30.11.2023 RM	1.6.2022 to 30.11.2022 RM
Net income/(loss) before tax	152,522	(13,983)
Tax at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (financial period from 1 June 2022 to 30 November 2022: 24%) Tax effect of:	36,605	(3,356)
Income not subject to tax	(41,217)	(7,153)
Loss not deductible for tax purposes	1,427	8,350
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	344	891
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for unit trust fund Income tax for the financial period	2,841	1,268
income tax for the infancial period		

## 10. OTHER PAYABLES

	30.11.2023 RM	30.11.2022 RM
Accrual for auditors' remuneration Accrual for tax agent's fees	727 1,051	5,227 1,051
Provision for printing and other expenses	590 2,368	5,542 11,820

## 11. NET ASSET VALUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS

NAV attributable to members is represented by:

	Note	30.11.2023 RM	30.11.2022 RM
Members' contribution	(a)	5,578,049	3,824,926
Reatained earnings/(Accumulated losses) Realised reserves Unrealised deficits	- -	150,906 (54,422) 96,484	184,181 (196,941) (12,760)
	_	5,674,533	3,812,166

# (a) Members' contribution

	1.6.2023 to 30.11.2023 No. of units RM				1.6.2022 to 30 No. of units	0.11.2022 RM
At beginning of the financial period	8,594,641	4,727,811	5,610,994	3,110,399		
Add: Creation of units	1,689,486	939,545	1,405,435	744,774		
Less: Cancellation of units Distribution	(162,615)	(89,307)	(56,317)	(30,253)		
equalisation At end of the	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		6		
financial period	10,121,512	5,578,049	6,960,112	3,824,926		

The PRS Provider, Kenanga Investors Berhad, and other parties related to the PRS Provider did not hold any units in the Fund, either legally or beneficially, as at 30 November 2023 (30 November 2022: nil).

## 12. SHARIAH INFORMATION OF THE FUND

The Shariah Adviser confirmed that the investment portfolio of the Fund comprises:

- i. Collective investment schemes which have been verified as Shariah-compliant by the Shariah Adviser: and
- ii. Liquid assets placed in Shariah-compliant investments and/or instruments.

## 13. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

PTR for the financial period from 1 June 2023 to 30 November 2023 is 0.23 times (financial period from 1 June 2022 to 30 November 2022: 0.23 times).

PTR is the ratio of average sum of acquisitions and disposals of Shariah-compliant investments of the Fund for the financial period to the average NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

# 14. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

TER for the financial period from 1 June 2023 to 30 November 2023 is 0.52% per annum (financial period from 1 June 2022 to 30 November 2022: 0.45% per annum).

TER is the ratio of total fees and recovered expenses of the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund's average NAV, calculated on a daily basis.

## 15. TRANSACTIONS WITH UNIT TRUST FUND'S MANAGER

	Transaction value RM	Percentage of total %
Kenanga Investors Berhad*	2,377,342	100.00

\* Kenanga Investors Berhad is the Manager of the unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes that the Fund invested in during the financial period.

The above transaction values were in respect of unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes and such transactions do not involve any commission or brokerage fees.

The directors of the PRS Provider are of the opinion that the transactions with Kenanga Investors Berhad have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from that obtainable in transactions with unrelated parties. The PRS Provider is of the opinion that the above dealings have been transacted on an arm's length basis.

## 16. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

## Business and geographical segments

As the Fund invests primarily in unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes, it is not possible or meaningful to classify its investments by separate business or geographical segments. A list of the unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes that the Fund has invested in is disclosed in Note 4.

## 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### a Classification of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classification. The significant accounting policies in Note 3 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised.

The following table analyses the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instruments to which they are assigned and therefore by the measurement basis.

Financial

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Other financial liabilities RM	Total RM
30.11.2023				
Assets Unlisted Islamic collective investment				
schemes Amount due from	5,561,327	-	-	5,561,327
PRS Provider	_	13,077	_	13,077
Cash at bank	-	102,760	-	102,760
	5,561,327	115,837		5,677,164
Liabilities Amount due to				
Trustee	-	-	79	79
Amount due to PPA			184	184
			263	263

# 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTD.)

# a. Classification of financial instruments (contd.)

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Other financial liabilities RM	Total RM
30.11.2022				
Assets				
Unlisted Islamic collective				
investment	2 702 200			2 720 200
schemes	3,763,390	-	-	3,736,390
Amount due from		40.005		40.005
PRS Provider	-	12,085	-	12,085
Cash at bank		75,897		75,897
	3,763,390	87,982		3,824,372
Liabilities				
Amount due to				
Trustee	-	-	147	147
Amount due to PPA	-	-	239	239
			386	386

## b. Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets at FVTPL are carried at fair value.

The following table shows the fair value measurements by level of the fair value measurement hierarchy:

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
Investments: 30.11.2023 Unlisted Islamic collective investment				
schemes		5,561,327		5,561,327
30.11.2022 Unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes		3,736,390		3,736,390

Level 1: Listed prices in active market

Level 2: Model with all significant inputs which are observable market data

Level 3: Model with inputs not based on observable market data

## 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTD.)

# b. Financial instruments that are carried at fair value (contd.)

The fair values of unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes are stated based on the NAV per unit of those unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes at reporting date.

# c. Financial instruments not carried at fair value and for which their carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

The carrying amounts of the Fund's other financial assets and financial liabilities are not carried at fair value but approximate fair values due to the relatively short term maturity of these financial instruments.

## 18. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for creation and cancellation of units to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- To invest in Shariah-compliant investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its disclosure documents;
- b. To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet cancellation requests as they arise; and
- c. To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operations of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current and previous financial periods.

# Appendix I - List of Amendments in Respect of The First Supplemental Disclosure Document

NO.	FIRST REPLACEMENT DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT	FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT
1.	GENERAL	
	The references to "interim report(s)" and "investment committee(s)", v have been amended to "semi-annual report(s)" and "members of the co	
2.	GLOSSARY OF TERMS	GLOSSARY OF TERMS
	Deed(s)  Deed dated 30 November 2015 as modified by the first supplemental deed dated 7 July 2020 in respect of the Scheme and any other supplemental deed that may be entered into between the PRS Provider and the Scheme Trustee and registered with the SC.	Deed(s)  Deed dated 30 November 2015 as modified by the first supplemental deed dated 7 July 2020 and the second supplemental deed dated 24 July 2023 in respect of the Scheme and any other supplemental deed that may be entered into between the PRS Provider and the Scheme Trustee and registered with the SC.
3.	GLOSSARY OF TERMS	GLOSSARY OF TERMS
	licensed institution  a) if the institution is in Malaysia:  a licensed bank; has the same meaning as given under the Financial Services Act 2013;  an Islamic bank; that is, a bank licensed under the Islamic Financial Services Act 2013; or  a licensed institution; that is, any institution licensed or deemed to be licensed under the Financial Services Act 2013 and Islamic Financial Services Act 2013 and Islamic Financial Services Act 2013.  b) if the institution is outside Malaysia, any institution that is licensed, registered, approved or authorised to provide financial services by the relevant banking regulator.	licensed institution  a) if the institution is in Malaysia:  • licensed bank;  • licensed linvestment bank; or  • licensed Islamic bank.  b) if the institution is outside of Malaysia, any institution that is licensed, registered, approved, or authorised by the relevant banking regulator to provide financial services.
4.	Nil.	GLOSSARY OF TERMS
		Eligible Market  An exchange, government securities market or an OTC market:  (a) that is regulated by a regulatory authority;  (b) that is open to the public or to a substantial number of market participants; and  (c) on which financial instruments are
		regularly traded.
		OTC over-the-counter.
		SACBNM Shariah Advisory Council of Bank Negara Malaysia.
5.	CORPORATE DIRECTORY, SCHEME TRUSTEE	CORPORATE DIRECTORY, SCHEME TRUSTEE
	CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad Company No. 198801000556 (167913-M) Registered Office: Level 13, Menara CIMB Jalan Stesen Sentral 2, Kuala Lumpur Sentral 50470 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-2261 8888 Fax: 03-2261 0099  Business Address: Level 21, Menara CIMB	CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad Company No. 198801000556 (167913-M) Registered Office: Level 13, Menara CIMB Jalan Stesen Sentral 2, Kuala Lumpur Sentral 50470 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-2261 8888 Fax: 03-2261 0099  Business Address: Level 21, Menara CIMB
	Jalan Stesen Sentral 2, Kuala Lumpur Sentral 50470 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-2261 8888 Fax: 03-2261 9889	Jalan Stesen Sentral 2, Kuala Lumpur Sentral 50470 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-2261 8888 Fax: 03-2261 9894 E-mail: ss.corptrust@cimb.com  Website: www.cimb.com

6.	CORPORATE DIRECTORY, BOARD OF DIRECTORS	CORPORATE DIRECTORY, BOARD OF DIRECTORS
о.	CORPORATE DIRECTORS, BUARD OF DIRECTORS	CORPORATE DIRECTORS, BUARD OF DIRECTORS
	Board of Directors	Board of Directors
	Datuk Syed Ahmad Alwee Alsree (Chairman/Non-Independent Non- Executive Director)	Choy Khai Choon, Steven (Chairman/Non-Independent Non- Executive Director)
	Syed Zafilen Syed Alwee (Independent Director)	Imran Devindran Bin Abdullah (Independent Non-Executive Director)
	Peter John Rayner (Independent Director) Imran Devindran Bin Abdullah (Independent Director)	Norazian Binti Ahmad Tajuddin (Independent Non-Executive
	Norazian Binti Ahmad Tajuddin (Independent Director)	Director)
	Ismitz Matthew De Alwis (Executive Director)	Luk Wai Hong, William (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)  Datuk Wira Ismitz Matthew De Alwis (Executive Director/Chief
		Executive Officer)
7.	CORPORATE DIRECTORY, SCHEME TRUSTEE'S DELEGATE	CORPORATE DIRECTORY, SCHEME TRUSTEE'S DELEGATE
	,	,
	Scheme Trustee's Delegate: CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	Scheme Trustee's Delegate: CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad
	Company No. 200401032872 (671380-H)	Company No. 200401032872 (671380-H)
	Registered Office: Level 13, Menara CIMB	Registered Office: Level 13, Menara CIMB
	Jalan Stesen Sentral 2, Kuala Lumpur Sentral	Jalan Stesen Sentral 2
	50470 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-2261 8888	Kuala Lumpur Sentral 50470 Kuala Lumpur
	Fax: 03-2261 8889	Tel: 03-2261 8888
	Website: www.cimb.com	Fax: 03-2261 8889 Website: www.cimb.com
	Business Address: Level 21, Menara CIMB	Business Address: Level 21, Menara CIMB
	Jalan Stesen Sentral 2	Jalan Stesen Sentral 2
	Kuala Lumpur Sentral	Kuala Lumpur Sentral
	50470 Kuala Lumpur Tel : 03 - 2261 8888	50470 Kuala Lumpur Tel : 03 - 2261 8888
	Fax: 03-2261 9892	Fax: 03-2261 9892
		E-mail: wb.tb-sscustody@cimb.com
8.	CORPORATE DIRECTORY, INVESTMENT COMMITTEE	Deleted.
	Investment Committee	
	Peter John Rayner (Chairman/Independent Member) Syed Zafilen Syed Alwee (Independent Member)	
	Imran Devindran Bin Abdullah (Independent Member)	
	Norazian Binti Ahmad Tajuddin (Independent Member) Ismitz Matthew De Alwis (Non-Independent Member)	
	, , ,	
9.	CORPORATE DIRECTORY, AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE	CORPORATE DIRECTORY, AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE
	Audit and Risk Committee	Audit and Risk Committee
	Syed Zafilen Syed Alwee (Chairman/Independent Member) Peter John Rayner (Independent Member)	Imran Devindran Bin Abdullah (Chairman and Independent Member)
	Imran Devindran bin Abdullah (Independent Member)	Norazian Binti Ahmad Tajuddin (Independent Member)
	Norazian Binti Ahmad Tajuddin (Independent Member)	Luk Wai Hong, William (Non-Independent Member)
10.	CORPORATE DIRECTORY, FEDERATION OF INVESTMENT	CORPORATE DIRECTORY, FEDERATION OF INVESTMENT
	MANAGERS MALAYSIA	MANAGERS MALAYSIA
	Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia	Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia
	19-06-1, 6th Floor, Wisma Tune 19, Lorong Dungun, Damansara Heights	19-06-1, 6 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Wisma Tune 19, Lorong Dungun, Damansara Heights
	50490 Kuala Lumpur	50490 Kuala Lumpur
	Tel: 03-2093 2600 Fax: 03-2093 2700 Website: www.fimm.com.my	Tel: 03-7890 4242 E-mail: complaints@fimm.com.my
	Trade, Transmission and	Website: www.fimm.com.my
11.	CORPORATE DIRECTORY, AUDITOR OF THE PRS PROVIDER	CORPORATE DIRECTORY, AUDITOR OF THE PRS PROVIDER
	AUDITORS OF THE PRS PROVIDER & AUDITORS OF THE	AUDITORS OF THE PRS PROVIDER & AUDITORS OF THE
	FUNDS	FUNDS
	Auditor of the PRS Provider	Auditor of the PRS Provider
	Ernst & Young PLT (202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039)	Ernst & Young PLT (202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF
	Business Address: Level 23A, Menara Millennium	0039) Business Address:
	Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara	Level 23A, Menara Millennium
	50490 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-7495 8000	Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara 50490 Kuala Lumpur
	161. 03-1483 0000	Tel: 03-7495 8000
		Website: https://www.ey.com/en_my

12.	CORPORATE DIRECTORY,	TAXATION ADVISE	ER	CORPO	DRATE DIRECTORY	, TAXATION ADVIS	ER	
	Taxation adviser Ernst & Young Tax Consultants Sdn. Bhd. Company No. 198901002487 (179793-K) Business Address: Level 23A, Menara Millennium Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara 50490 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-7495 8000				Taxation adviser Ernst & Young Tax Consultants Sdn. Bhd. Company No. 198901002487 (179793-K) Business Address: Level 23A, Menara Millennium Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara 50490 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-7495 8000 E-mail: eymalaysia@my.ey.com Website: www.ey.com			
3.	CORPORATE DIRECTORY,	SOLICITOR		CORP	DRATE DIRECTORY	, SOLICITOR		
	Solicitor Wei Chien & Partners D-20-02 Menara Suezcap 1 No.2 Jalan Kerinchi Gerbang Kerinchi Lestari 59200 Kuala Lumpur			Solicitor Wei Chien & Partners D-20-02, Menara Suezcap 1 No. 2, Jalan Kerinchi Gerbang Kerinchi Lestari 59200 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-7931 9622 Fax: 03-7931 9612 E-mail: weichien@wcnp.com.my Website: www.wenp.com.my				
4.	CORPORATE DIRECTORY,	SHARIAH ADVISE	R	CORPO	DRATE DIRECTORY	, SHARIAH ADVISE	R	
	Shariah Adviser Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad Company No. 197301002193 (15678-H) Level 16, Kenanga Tower 237, Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-2172 2727 Fax: 03- 2172 2897 Website: www.kenanga.com.my			Shariah Adviser Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad Company No. 197301002193 (15678-H) Level 16, Kenanga Tower 237, Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-2172 2727 Fax: 03-2172 2897 E-mail: Dept-IslamicMarkets@kenanga.com.my Website: www.kenanga.com.my				
5.	CORPORATE DIRECTORY,		EBS	CORPORATE DIRECTORY, PRINCIPAL BANKER				
	Principal bankers Standard Chartered Bank Mal Level 16, Menara Standard Cl No. 30 Jalan Sultan Ismail 50250 Kuala Lumpur  Public Bank Berhad 78 Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur  RHB Bank Berhad RHB Centre Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur			Standa Level 2 Jalan S 50250 Tel: 03	<u>val </u> banker rd Chartered Bank M: 3. Equatorial <u>Plaza</u> iultan Ismail Kuala Lumpur -7661 <u>8258</u> e: www.sc.com/my	alaysia Berhad		
6.	CORPORATE DIRECTO ADMINISTRATOR MALAYSI		E PENSION		DRATE DIRECT		E PENSION	
	Private Pension Administrator Malaysia Level 13A, Bangunan Tierra Crest Jalan SS 6/3 47301 Petaling Jaya Selangor Website: www.ppa.my Email: askppa@ppa.my			Private Pension Administrator Malaysia Level 13A, Bangunan Tierra Crest No. 3A, Jalan SS 6/3 Kelana Java 47301 Petaling Jaya Selangor Tel: 1300-131-772 E-mail: AskPPA@ppa.my Website: www.ppa.my				
7.				CHAPTER 3: KEY DATA, Section 3.1 Scheme Information, Bried description on the operations of the Scheme, Withdrawals, third paragraph				
	The PRS Provider must pay the in accordance with the followin		epurchase of Units	The PF	' S Provider must pay t rdance with the follow		epurchase of Units	
	No Circumstances of withdrawal	Period for payment to be	Recipient of payment	N o.	Circumstance s of	Period for payment to	Recipient of payment	

			1	1	11.				
	(a)	After the day the Member reaches the retirement age	Within ten (10) days after the		(a)	After the day the Member reaches the retirement age	Within <u>7</u> Business Days after the PRS		
	(b)	Pre-retirement withdrawals from sub-account B	PRS Provider received a completed withdrawal request from	Members	(b)	Pre-retirement withdrawals from sub-account B	Provider received a completed withdrawal	Members	
	(c)	Permanent departure of Member from Malaysia	the Member		(c)	Permanent departure of Member from Malaysia	request from Member		
	(d)	Permanent total disablement, serious disease and mental disability of a Member	Within ten (10) days after the PRS Provider received a completed withdrawal request (either received directly or through a notification from the PPA)	Members	(d)	Permanent total disablement, serious disease and mental disability of a Member	Within 7. Business Days after the PRS Provider received a completed withdrawal request (either received directly or through a notification from the PPA)	Members	
	(e)	Death of a Member	Within ten (10) days after the PRS Provider received an authorisation from the PPA	(i) Either a nominee, trustee, executor, or administrator of a deceased Member	(e)	Death of a Member	Within <u>7</u> <u>Bustiness</u> <u>Days</u> after the PRS Provider received an authorisation from the PPA	(i) Either a nominee, trustee, executor, or administrato r of a deceased Member	
			ding paragraph (i), the P Provider may pay accrued benefits the nomir as stipula in	paragraph (i), the PRS Provider may pay the accrued benefits to the nominee as stipulated				(ii) Notwithstan ding paragraph (i), the PRS Provider may pay the accrued benefits to the nominee as stipulated in the Guidelines.	
	(f)	For housing purpose	Within ten (10) days after the PRS Provider received a completed withdrawal request	Members' account or joint housing loan account	(f)	For housing purpose	Within 7 Business Days after the PRS Provider received a completed withdrawal request	Members' account or joint housing loan account	
	(g)	For healthcare purpose	Within ten (10) days after the PRS Provider received a completed withdrawal request	Members	(g)	For healthcare purpose	Within 7 Business Days after the PRS Provider received a completed withdrawal request	Members	
18.	CHAPTER 3: KEY DATA, Section 3.3 Fees and Charges, 3.3.3 Fees charged to the Fund and other Fund expenses, Fund expenses  • Commissions or fees paid to brokers or dealers in effecting dealings in the Shariah-compliant investments of the Fund, shown on the contract notes or confirmation notes;  • (where the custodial function is delegated by the Scheme Trustee) charges and fees paid to sub-custodians taking into custody any foreign assets of the Fund;  • taxes and other duties charged on the Fund by the government and/or other authorities;				Fees c	CHAPTER 3: KEY DATA, Section 3.3 Fees and Charges, 3.3.3 Fees charged to the Fund and other Fund expenses, Fund expenses			
					commissions or fees paid to brokers or dealers in effecting dealings in the Shariah-compliant investments of the Fund, shown on the contract notes or confirmation notes;     (where the custodial function is delegated by the Scheme Trustee) charges and fees paid to sub-custodians taking into custody any foreign assets of the Fund;     taxes and other duties charged on the Fund by the government and/or other authorities;				
	and/or other authorities;  • auditor's fees and expenses;					auditor's fees and expenses;			

valuation fees incurred for the valuation of the Shariahfees incurred for the valuation of any investment of the Funds; compliant investment of the Fund by independent valuers for remuneration and out of pocket expenses of the person(s) or the benefit of the Fund: members of a committee undertaking the oversight function of independent investment committee members' feethe Funds, unless the PRS Provider decides otherwise; Shariah adviser's fee: costs, fees and expenses incurred in engaging any adviser for tax adviser's fee: the benefit of the Funds; costs for modification of the Deed other than those for the costs for modification of the Deed other than those for the benefit of the PRS Provider and/or the Scheme Trustee; benefit of the PRS Provider and/or the Scheme Trustee; costs incurred for meetings of Members other than those costs incurred for meetings of the Members other than those convened by, or for the benefit of the PRS Provider and/or the convened by, or for the benefit of the PRS Provider and/or the Scheme Trustee: and Scheme Trustee: and any other expenses as may be allowed under the Deed. any other fees and expenses as may be allowed under the Deed CHAPTER 3: KEY DATA, Section 3.5 Other Information, Deed CHAPTER 3: KEY DATA, Section 3.5 Other Information, Deed Deed dated 30 November 2015 Deed dated 30 November 2015 First Supplemental Deed dated 7 July 2020 First Supplemental Deed dated 7 July 2020 Second Supplemental Deed dated 24 July 2023 20. CHAPTER 3: KEY DATA, Section 3.5 Other Information, Where CHAPTER 3: KEY DATA, Section 3.5 Other Information, Where and how to lodge a complaint, item no. 4 and how to lodge a complaint, item no. 4 4. Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia (FIMM)'s 4. Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia (FIMM)'s Complaints Bureau: Complaints Bureau: : 03-2092 3800 (a) via phone to (a) via phone to : 03-7890 4242 (b) via fax to : 03-2093 2700 (b) via e-mail to : complaints@fimm.com.my (c) via email to : complaints@fimm.com.my (c) via online complaint form available at www.fimm.com.my (d) via online complaint form available at www.fimm.com.my : Legal & Regulatory Affairs (d) via letter to (e) via letter to : Legal Secretarial & Regulatory Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia Affairs Federation of Investment 19-06-01, 6th Floor, Wisma Tune Managers Malaysia No. 19, Lorong Dungun 9-06-01, 6th Floor, Wisma Tune Damansara Heights No. 19, Lorong Dungun 50490 Kuala Lumpur Damansara Heights 50490 Kuala Lumpur 21. Nil CHAPTER 4: RISK FACTORS, Section 4.1 General Risk of Contributing to the Funds, Suspension of redemption risk Suspension of Redemption Risk The redemption of units of a Fund may be suspended under exceptional circumstances, where the fair value of a material portion of the Fund's assets cannot be reasonably determined. Upon suspension, the Fund will not be able to pay Members' redemption proceeds in a timely manner and Members will be compelled to remain invested in the Fund for a longer period of time than the stipulated repurchase timeline. Hence, Members' investments will continue to be subjected to the risk factors inherent to the Fund. Please refer to section 8.14 - Suspension of Dealing in Units for further details. CHAPTER 4: RISK FACTORS, Section 4.2 Specific Risk when 22 CHAPTER 4: RISK FACTORS, Section 4.2 Specific Risk when Contributing to the Funds, 4.2.1 Specific risks when contributing Contributing to the Funds, 4.2.1 Specific risks when contributing to the Core Funds, Liquidity Risk to the Core Funds, Liquidity Risk Liquidity risk Liquidity risk Liquidity risk refers to the ease of liquidating an asset depending on Liquidity risk refers to the ease of liquidating an asset depending on the asset's volume traded in the market. Generally, unrated sukuk the asset's volume traded in the market. Generally, unrated sukuk are not as liquid as rated sukuk. If the Fund holds assets that are are not as liquid as rated sukuk. If the Fund holds assets that are illiquid, or are difficult to dispose of, the value of the Fund will be illiquid, or are difficult to dispose of, the value of the Fund will be negatively affected when it has to sell such assets at unfavourable negatively affected and subsequently the value of a Member's investments would be reduced when the Fund has to sell such assets at unfavourable prices. This risk can be mitigated through prices. This risk can be mitigated through portfolio diversification by investing in various companies across different industries or sectors in the management of the Funds. portfolio diversification by investing in various companies across different industries or sectors in the management of the Funds. 23. Nil CHAPTER 4: RISK FACTORS, Section 4.3 Liquidity Risk Management We have established liquidity risk management policy to enable us to identify, monitor and manage the liquidity risk of the Fund in order to meet the redemption requests from the Members as well as to safeguard the interests of the remaining Members. In managing the Fund's liquidity, we will:

meet redemption requests from Members; regularly review the Fund's investment portfolio including its liquidity profile; (iii) monitor the Fund's net flows against redemption requests during normal and adverse market conditions to ensure the Fund has sufficient cash holdings to mitigate any potential risk in not being able to meet the redemption requests from Members; and (iv) where applicable, obtain Islamic cash financing on a temporary basis for the purpose of meeting redemption requests for Units and for short-term bridging requirements. However, if we have exhausted the above avenue, we will, in consultation with the Scheme Trustee and having considered the interests of the Members, resort to suspend the redemption of Units to manage the liquidity of the Fund under exceptional circumstances, where the fair value of a material portion of the Fund's assets cannot be reasonably determined. Any redemption request received by us during the suspension period will only be accepted and processed on the next Business Day after the cessation of suspension of the Fund. Please refer to section 8.14 -Suspension of Dealing in Units for further details. CHAPTER 6: DETAILS OF THE FUNDS. Section 6.6 Investment CHAPTER 6: DETAILS OF THE FUNDS. Section 6.6 Investment Restrictions and Limits Restrictions and Limits 6.6.1 Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Conservative Fund 6.6.1 Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Conservative Fund The Fund is subject to the following investment restrictions and limits The Fund is subject to the following investment restrictions and stipulated in the Guidelines: limits stipulated in the Guidelines: (a) The value of a Fund's investments in unlisted Shariah-The aggregate value of the Fund's investments in Shariahcompliant securities must not exceed 10% of the Fund's NAV; compliant transferable securities that are not traded or dealt in or under the rules of an Eligible Market (i.e., unlisted Shariah-compliant securities) must not exceed 15% of the Fund's NAV, subject to a maximum limit of 10% of the Fund's NAV in a single issuer. (b) The value of a Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant The value of the Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant ordinary shares issued by any single issuer must not exceed ordinary shares issued by any single issuer must not exceed 10% of the Fund's NAV 10% of the Fund's NAV: The value of the Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant transferable securities and Islamic money market instruments issued by any single issuer must not exceed 15% of the Fund's NAV ("single issuer limit"). In determining the single issuer limit, the value of the Fund's investments in Shariahcompliant instruments in paragraph (a) issued by the same issuer must be included in the calculation. The single issuer limit may be raised to 35% of the Fund's NAV if the issuing entity is, or the issue is guaranteed by, either a foreign government, foreign government agency, foreign central bank or supranational, that has a minimum long-term credit rating of investment grade (including gradation and subcategories) by an international rating agency. (c) The value of a Fund's placement in Islamic deposits with any The value of the Fund's placements in Islamic deposits with single licensed financial institution must not exceed 20% of the any single licensed financial institution must not exceed 20% Fund's NAV; of the Fund's NAV. The single licensed financial institution limit does not apply to placements of Islamic deposits arising from: subscription monies received prior commencement of investment by the Fund; liquidation of investments prior to the termination of the Fund, where the placement of Islamic deposits with various licensed financial institutions would not be in the best interests of Members; or monies held for the settlement of redemption or other payment obligations, where the placement of Islamic deposits with various licensed financial institutions would not be in the best interest of Members. (d) For investments in Islamic derivatives: For investments in Islamic derivatives: the exposure to the underlying assets must not exceed the exposure to the underlying assets must not exceed the investment spread limits stipulated in this section; and the investment spread limits stipulated in this section;

the value of a Fund's over-the-counter ("OTC") Islamic

derivatives transaction with any single counterparty must

not exceed 10% of the Fund's NAV;

all times; and

the Fund's global exposure from its Islamic financial derivative positions must not exceed the Fund's NAV at

ensure the Fund maintains sufficient Islamic liquid assets to

- (e) The aggregate value of a Fund's investments in Shariahcompliant transferable securities, Islamic money market instruments, Islamic deposits and OTC Islamic derivatives issued by or placed with (as the case may be) any single issuer or licensed financial institution must not exceed 25% of the Fund's NAV
- the global exposure of the Fund is calculated using commitment approach.
- The aggregate value of the Fund's investments in, or exposure to, a single issuer through Shariah-compliant transferable securities, Islamic money market instruments, Islamic deposits, underlying assets of Islamic derivatives and counterparty exposure arising from the use of OTC Islamic derivatives must not exceed 25% of the Fund's NAV ("single issuer aggregate limit"). In determining the single issuer aggregate limit, the value of the Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant instruments in paragraph (a) issued by the same issuer must be included in the calculation. Where the single issuer limit is increased to 35% of the Fund's NAV pursuant to paragraph (c), the single issuer aggregate limit may be raised, subject to the group limit in paragraph (i) not exceeding 35% of the Fund's NAV.
- The value of the Fund's investments in units or shares of any Islamic collective investment scheme must not exceed 20% of the Fund's NAV, provided that the Islamic collective investment scheme complies with the Guidelines, excluding an Islamic collective investment scheme that invests in real estate.
- The value of the Fund's investments in units or shares of an Islamic collective investment scheme that invests in real estate pursuant to the Guidelines must not exceed 15% of the Fund's NAV.
- Notwithstanding paragraphs (g) and (h) above, investment in units or shares of one or more Islamic collective investment schemes is permitted in the following circumstances:
  - (i) from the launch of the Fund, the value of the Fund's investment in any of the Islamic collective investment scheme must not exceed 95% of the Fund's NAV; upon reaching an NAV of RM200 million, the value of
  - the Fund's investment in any of the Islamic collective investment scheme must not exceed 40% of the Fund's NAV: and
  - (iii) that the investment objective of the Islamic collective investment scheme is similar to the Fund.
- The value of the Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant transferable securities and Islamic money market instruments issued by any group of companies must not exceed 20% of the Fund's NAV ("group limit"). In determining the group limit, the value of the Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant instruments in paragraph (a) issued by the issuers within the same group of companies must be included in the calculation.
- The Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant shares or Shariah-compliant securities equivalent to shares must not exceed 10% of the Shariah-compliant shares or Shariahcompliant securities equivalent to shares, as the case may be, issued by a single issuer.
- The Fund's investments in sukuk must not exceed 20% of the sukuk issued by a single issuer. This limit may be disregarded at the time of acquisition if at that time of acquisition, the gross amount of sukuk in issue cannot be determined.
- (f) The value of a Fund's investments in sukuk issued by any single issuer must not exceed 20% of the Fund's NAV. The single issuer limit may be increased to 30% if the sukuk are rated by any domestic rating agency to be of the best quality and offer highest safety for timely payment of profit and
- (g) Where the single issuer limit of investments in sukuk is increased to 30% of the Fund's NAV, the aggregate value of the Fund's investments must not exceed 30% of the Fund's NAV;
- (h) The value of a Fund's investments in sukuk issued by any one group of companies must not exceed 30% of the Fund's NAV;
- The Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant transferable securities (other than sukuk) must not exceed 10% of the Shariah-compliant securities issued by any single issuer:
- The Fund's investments in sukuk must not exceed 20% of the sukuk issued by any single issuer; and

(k) The Fund's investments in Islamic money market instruments must not exceed 10% of the instruments issued by any single issuer. However, the above limit does not apply to Islamic money market instruments that do not have a pre-determined issue size

In addition to the above, the Fund must comply with the following restrictions imposed by the SC:

- Investments in sukuk must be rated at least BBB3/P2 by RAM (or equivalent rating by MARC). However, sukuk which are rated below BBB3/P2 by RAM and/or are unrated, may comprise up to 5% of Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Conservative Fund's NAV (the 5% Limit). In the event the 5% Limit is exceeded, whether as a result of:
  - a downgrade of any sukuk to below BBB3 or P2 by RAM;
  - an increase in the aggregate value of sukuk which are rated below BBB3/P2 and/or are unrated; or
  - a decrease in the NAV of Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Conservative Fund

The PRS Provider must reduce such investments to comply with 5% limit unless in the opinion of the Scheme Trustee, the disposal of such investments is not in the best interests of Members:

- (b) Use of Shariah-compliant derivatives is for hedging purposes
- No investment in Shariah-compliant warrants except as a result of Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Conservative Fund's holdings in Shariah-compliant equities; and
- No investment in products with embedded Shariah-compliant derivatives:

### 6.6.2 Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Moderate Fund and Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Growth Fund

- (a) The value of each Fund's investments in unlisted Shariahcompliant securities must not exceed 10% of the Fund's NAV, however, the said limit does not apply to unlisted Shariahcompliant securities that are:
  - Shariah-compliant equities not listed or quoted on a stock exchange but have been approved by relevant regulatory authority for such listing and quotation, and are offered directly to that Fund by the issuer;
  - Sukuk traded on an organised over-the-counter ("OTC") market: and
  - Islamic structured products;
- (b) The value of each Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant ordinary shares issued by any single issuer must not exceed 10% of that Fund's NAV:
- The value of each Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant transferable securities and Islamic money market instruments issued by any single issuer must not exceed 15% of that Fund's

(d) The value of each of the Fund's placement in Islamic deposits with any single licensed financial institution must not exceed 20% of that Fund's NAV;

(m) The Fund's investments in Islamic money market instruments must not exceed 10% of the instruments issued by any single issuer. This limit does not apply to Islamic money market instruments that do not have a pre-determined issue size.

In addition to the above, the Fund must comply with the following restrictions imposed by the SC:

- Investments in sukuk must be rated at least BBB3/P2 by RAM (or equivalent rating by MARC). However, sukuk which are rated below BBB3/P2 and/or are unrated, may comprise up to 5% of Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Conservative Fund's NAV (the 5% Limit). In the event the 5% Limit is exceeded, whether as a result of:
  - a downgrade of any sukuk to below BBB3/P2 by RAM;
  - an increase in the aggregate value of sukuk which are rated below BBB3/P2 and/or are unrated; or
  - a decrease in the NAV of Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Conservative Fund.

the PRS Provider must reduce such investments to comply with 5% Limit unless in the opinion of the Scheme Trustee, the disposal of such investments is not in the best interests of Members:

- Use of Islamic derivatives is for hedging purposes only;
- No investment in Shariah-compliant warrants except as a result of Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Conservative Fund's holdings in Shariah-compliant equities; and
- No investment in products with embedded Islamic derivatives.

#### Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Moderate Fund and 6.6.2 Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Growth Fund

- The aggregate value of the Fund's investments in Shariahcompliant transferable securities that are not traded or dealt in or under the rules of an Eligible Market (i.e., unlisted Shariah-compliant securities) must not exceed 15% of the Fund's NAV, subject to a maximum limit of 10% of the Fund's NAV in a single issuer.
- The value of the Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant ordinary shares issued by any single issuer must not exceed 10% of the Fund's NAV.
- The value of the Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant transferable securities and Islamic money market instruments issued by any single issuer must not exceed 15% of the Fund's NAV ("single issuer limit"). In determining the single issuer limit, the value of the Fund's investments in Shariahcompliant instruments in paragraph (a) issued by the same issuer must be included in the calculation. The single issuer limit may be raised to 35% of the Fund's NAV if the issuing entity is, or the issue is guaranteed by, either a foreign government, foreign government agency, foreign central bank or supranational, that has a minimum long-term credit rating of investment grade (including gradation and subcategories) by an international rating agency.
- The value of the Fund's placements in Islamic deposits with any single licensed financial institution must not exceed 20% of the Fund's NAV. The single licensed financial institution limit does not apply to placements of Islamic deposits arising from:
  - subscription monies received prior commencement of investment by the Fund; the

- (e) For investments in Islamic derivatives:
  - the exposure to the underlying assets of that Shariahcompliant derivative must not exceed the investment spread limits stipulated in the Guidelines; and
  - the value of each Fund's OTC Shariah-compliant derivative transaction with any single counter-party must not exceed 10% of that Fund's NAV;
- Each Fund's exposure from Islamic derivatives position should (f) not exceed that Fund's NAV at all times;
- The value of each of the Fund's investment in Islamic structured products issued by a single counterparty must not exceed 15% of that Fund's NAV:
- The aggregate value of each Fund's investments in Shariahcompliant transferable securities, Islamic money market instruments, Islamic deposits, OTC Islamic derivatives and Islamic structured products issued by or placed with (as the case may be) any single issuer or licensed financial institution must not exceed 25% of that Fund's NAV;
- (i) The Islamic collective investment scheme has to be regulated and registered or authorised or approved by the relevant regulatory authority in its home jurisdiction;
- The investments in Islamic collective investment schemes must operate on the principle of prudent spread of risk and comply with the general investment principles and/or requirements of the Guidelines:
- There must not be any cross-holding between a Fund and the Islamic collective investment schemes;
- The Shariah-compliant warrants a Fund invests in must carry the right in respect of a Shariah-compliant security traded in or under the rules of an eligible market;

- (m) The value of each Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant transferable securities and Islamic money market instruments issued by any group of companies must not exceed 20% of that Fund's NAV;
- Each Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant transferable securities (other than sukuk) must not exceed 10% of the securities issued by any single issuer;

- liquidation of investments prior to the termination of the Fund, where the placement of Islamic deposits with various licensed financial institutions would not be in the best interests of Members; or
- monies held for the settlement of redemption or other payment obligations, where the placement of Islamic deposits with various licensed financial institutions would not be in the best interest of Members.
- For investments in Islamic derivatives:
  - the exposure to the underlying assets must not exceed the investment spread limits stipulated in this section;
  - the Fund's global exposure from its Islamic financial derivative positions must not exceed the Fund's NAV at all times; and
  - the global exposure of the Fund is calculated using commitment approach.
- The aggregate value of the Fund's investments in, or exposure to, a single issuer through Shariah-compliant transferable securities, Islamic money market instruments, Islamic deposits, underlying assets of Islamic derivatives and counterparty exposure arising from the use of OTC Islamic derivatives must not exceed 25% of the Fund's NAV ("single issuer aggregate limit"). In determining the single issuer aggregate limit, the value of the Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant instruments in paragraph (a) issued by the same issuer must be included in the calculation. Where the single issuer limit is increased to 35% of the Fund's NAV pursuant to paragraph (c), the single issuer aggregate limit may be raised, subject to the group limit in paragraph (j) not exceeding 35% of the Fund's NAV.
- The value of the Fund's investments in units or shares of any Islamic collective investment scheme must not exceed 20% of the Fund's NAV, provided that the Islamic collective investment scheme complies with the Guidelines, excluding an Islamic collective investment scheme that invests in real estate.
- The value of the Fund's investments in units or shares of an Islamic collective scheme that invests in real estate pursuant to the Guidelines must not exceed 15% of the Fund's NAV.
- Notwithstanding paragraphs (g) and (h) above, investment in units or shares of one or more Islamic collective investment schemes is permitted in the following circumstances:
  - from the launch of the Fund, the value of the Fund's investment in any of the Islamic collective investment scheme must not exceed 95% of the Fund's NAV;
  - upon reaching an NAV of RM200 million, the value of the Fund's investment in any of the Islamic collective investment scheme must not exceed 40% of the Fund's NAV; and
  - that the investment objective of the Islamic collective investment scheme is similar to the Fund.
- The value of the Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant transferable securities and Islamic money market instruments issued by any group of companies must not exceed 20% of the Fund's NAV ("group limit"). In determining the group limit, the value of the Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant instruments in paragraph (a) issued by the issuers within the same group of companies must be included in the calculation.
- The Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant shares or Shariah-compliant securities equivalent to shares must not exceed 10% of the Shariah-compliant shares or Shariahcompliant securities equivalent to shares, as the case may be, issued by a single issuer.

- Each Fund's investments in sukuk must not exceed 20% of the sukuk issued by any single issuer; and
- Each Fund's investments in Islamic money market instruments must not exceed 10% of the instruments issued by any single issuer. This limit does not apply to Islamic money market instruments that do not have a pre-determined issue size.

## Additional Requirements in PRS Guidelines on Investment Limits

The SC has issued a revised Guidelines on Private Retirement Schemes on 4 May 2020 to allow the PRS Provider to invest as

Investment into one or more Islamic collective investment schemes is permitted in the following circumstances:

- from launch of the Scheme, the value of a Fund's investment in any of the Islamic collective investment scheme must not exceed 95% of the Fund's NAV;
- upon reaching RM200 million NAV, the value of a Fund's investment in any of the Islamic collective investment scheme must not exceed 40% of the Fund's NAV; and
- that the investment objective of the Islamic collective investment scheme is similar to the Fund.

The abovementioned investment limits and restrictions shall be complied with at all times based on the up-to-date value of each Fund, and the value of their investments and instruments, unless the SC grants the exemption or variation. However, a 5% allowance in excess of any limits or restrictions may be permitted where the limit or restriction is breached through the appreciation or depreciation in NAV of the Fund (whether as a result of an appreciation or depreciation in value of the investments of the Fund, repurchase of Units or payments made from the Fund). The PRS Provider must not make any further acquisitions to which the

relevant limit is breached and must within a reasonable period of not more than 3 months from the date of such breach, take all necessary steps and actions to rectify the breach. Such limits and restrictions, however, do not apply to Shariahcompliant securities/instruments that are issued or guaranteed by the Malaysian government or Bank Negara Malaysia.

- CHAPTER 6: DETAILS OF THE FUNDS, Section 6.11 Shariah 25 Investment Guidelines adopted by KIBB, Cleansing Process and Zakat (Tithe)
  - Shariah Investment Guidelines

The following matters are adopted by KIBB's Shariah Committee in determining the Shariah status of investments of the Funds.

## Investment in Malaysia

Equity:

Reference for investment in local securities is based on the list of Shariah-compliant securities issued by the SACSC twice yearly on the last Friday of May and November which is readily available at the SC's website

- The Fund's investments in sukuk must not exceed 20% of the sukuk issued by a single issuer. This limit may be disregarded at the time of acquisition if at that time of acquisition, the gross amount of sukuk in issue cannot be determined.
- The Fund's investments in Islamic money market instruments must not exceed 10% of the instruments issued by any single issuer. This limit does not apply to Islamic money market instruments that do not have a pre-determined issue size.

The abovementioned investment limits and restrictions shall be complied with at all times based on the up-to-date value of each Fund, and the value of their investments and instruments, unless the SC grants the exemption or variation. The PRS Provider must notify the SC within seven (7) Business Days of any breach of investment limits and restrictions with the steps taken to rectify and prevent such breach from recurring. However, any breach as a result of (a) appreciation or depreciation in value of each Fund's investments; (b) repurchase of Units or payment made out of each Fund; (c) change in capital of a corporation in which each Fund has invested in; or (d) downgrade in or cessation of a credit rating. need not be reported to the SC but must be rectified as soon as practicable within three (3) months from the date of the breach unless otherwise specified in the Guidelines. The threemonth period may be extended if it is in the best interest of Members and the Scheme Trustee's consent is obtained. Such extension must be subject to at least a monthly review by the Scheme Trustee. Such limits and restrictions, however, do not apply to Shariah-compliant securities/ Shariah-compliant instruments that are issued or guaranteed by the Malaysian government or Bank Negara Malaysia.

CHAPTER 6: DETAILS OF THE FUNDS, Section 6.11 Shariah Investment Guidelines adopted by KIBB, Cleansing Process and Zakat (Tithe)

#### Shariah Investment Guidelines

The investment portfolio of the Funds will comprise of instruments that have been classified as Shariah-compliant by the SACSC and, where applicable the SACBNM. For instruments that are not classified as Shariah-compliant by the SACSC and, where applicable the SACBNM, the status of the instruments has been determined in accordance with the ruling issued by the Shariah Adviser.

The following matters are adopted by the Shariah Adviser in determining the Shariah status of investments of the Funds.

## **Shariah-compliant Equities**

## **Local Shariah-compliant Equities**

For investment in local listed Shariah-compliant securities, reference is made to the list of Shariahcompliant securities issued by the SACSC on a half yearly basis (i.e. the last Friday of May and November) which is readily available at the SC's website

However, for Initial Public Offerings ("IPO") of companies whose the Shariah status have yet to be determined by the SACSC, KIBB's Shariah Committee adopts the following analysis as a temporary basis in determining its Shariah status until the SACSC releases the Shariah status of the respective companies.

KIBB's Shariah Committee adopts a two-tier quantitative approach, which applies the business activity benchmarks and the financial ratio benchmarks, in determining the Shariah status of the listed securities. Hence, the securities will be classified as Shariahcompliant if their business activities and financial ratios are within these benchmarks

#### (a) **Business Activity Benchmarks**

The contribution of Shariah non-compliant activities to the group revenue and group profit before taxation of the company will be computed and compared against the relevant business activity benchmarks as follows:

- The 5% benchmark is applicable to the following business activities:
  - Conventional banking and lending;
  - Conventional insurance;
  - Gambling;
  - Liquor and liquor-related activities;
  - Pork and pork-related activities;
  - Non-halal food and beverages;
  - Shariah non-compliant entertainment;
  - Tobacco and tobacco-related activities
  - Interest income from conventional accounts and instruments (including interest income awarded arising from a court judgements or arbitrator);
  - Dividends from Shariah non-compliant investment:
  - Other activities deemed non-compliant according to Shariah principles as determined by SACSC.

For the above-mentioned business/activities, the contribution of Shariah non-compliant businesses/activities to the group revenue or group profit before taxation of the company must be less than 5%

- The 20% benchmark is applicable to the following businesses/activities:
  - Share trading:
  - Stockbroking business;
  - Rental received from Shariah non-compliant activities: and
  - Other activities deemed non-compliant according to Shariah principles as determined by SACSC.

However, for local unlisted Shariah-compliant equities, including initial public offering companies which the Shariah status have yet to be determined by the SACSC, the Shariah Adviser adopts the following analysis as a temporary basis in determining its Shariah status until the SACSC releases the Shariah status of the respective companies.

### Quantitative Analysis

The Shariah Adviser adopts a two-tier quantitative approach, which applies the business activity benchmarks and the financial ratio benchmarks, in determining the Shariah status of the securities. Hence, the securities will be classified as Shariah-compliant if their business activities and financial ratios are within these benchmarks

#### **Business Activity Benchmarks**

The contribution of Shariah non-compliant activities to the group revenue and group profit before taxation of the company will be computed and compared against the relevant business activity benchmarks as follows:

- The 5% benchmark would be applicable to the following business/activities:
  - · Conventional banking and lendina:
  - Conventional insurance;
  - Gambling;
  - Liauor and liquor-related activities:
  - Pork and pork-related activities;
  - · Non-halal food and beverages;
  - Tobacco and tobacco-related activities:
  - Interest income from conventional accounts and instruments (including interest income awarded arising from a court judgements or arbitrator);
  - Dividends from Shariah noncompliant investment;
  - Shariah non-compliant entertainment: and
  - Other activities deemed noncompliant according to Shariah principles as determined by the SACSC

the above-mentioned business/activities, the contribution of Shariah non-compliant businesses/activities to the group revenue or group profit before taxation of the company must be less than 5%.

- (ii) The 20% benchmark is applicable the following businesses/activities:
  - Share trading:
  - Stockbroking business;
  - Rental received from Shariah non-compliant activities; and
  - Other activities deemed noncompliant according to Shariah principles as determined by the SACSC.

For abovementioned business/activities. the contribution of For the above-mentioned business/activities, the contribution of Shariah non-compliant businesses/activities to the group revenue or group profit before taxation of the company must be less than 20%

#### Financial Ratio Benchmarks

The financial ratios benchmarks SACSC considers include the following:

#### (i) Cash over total assets

Cash will only include cash placed in conventional accounts and instruments, whereas cash placed in Islamic accounts and instruments will be excluded from the calculation

#### (ii) Debt over total assets

Debt only includes interest-bearing debt whereas Islamic financing or sukuk is excluded from the calculation. Each ratio, which is intended to measure riba and riba-based elements within a company's statements of financial position, must be less than 33%.

In addition to the above two-tier quantitative criteria, the SAC also considers the qualitative aspect which involves public perception or image of the company's activities from the perspective of Islamic teaching. Should any of the above deductions fail to meet the benchmarks, KIBB Shariah Committee will not accord Shariah-compliant status for the companies.

Shariah non-compliant businesses/activities to the group revenue or group profit before taxation of the company must be less than 20%.

## Financial Ratio Benchmarks

For the financial ratio benchmarks, the Shariah Adviser takes into account the following:

#### (i) Cash over total assets

Cash will only include cash placed in conventional accounts and instruments, whereas cash placed in Islamic accounts and instruments will be excluded from the calculation.

## (ii) Debt over total assets

Debt only includes interest-bearing debt whereas Islamic financing or sukuk is excluded from the calculation.

Each ratio, which is intended to measure riba and riba-based elements within a company's statements of financial position, must be less than 33%

Should any of the above benchmarks are exceeded, the Shariah Adviser will not accord Shariah-compliant status for the companies.

### Qualitative Analysis

In addition to the above two-tier quantitative criteria, the Shariah Adviser also takes into account the qualitative aspect which involves public perception or image of the company's activities from the perspective of Islamic teaching.

#### Foreign Shariah-compliant Equities

For foreign listed Shariah-compliant equities, reference is made to the list of the approved Islamic indices available in the market. For the Funds' investments in unlisted Shariah-compliant equities in the foreign markets which are not within the list of approved Islamic indices, the Shariah Adviser will apply the following analysis in determining the Shariah status of the equities.

### Core Business Activities Analysis

Companies whose activities are not contrary to the Shariah will be classified as Shariah-compliant securities. On the other hand, companies will be classified as Shariah noncompliant if they are involved in the following core business activities:

- Conventional financial services;
- Gambling and gaming;
  - Manufacture or sale of non-halal products or related products (e.g. pork and liquor):
  - Manufacture or sale of tobacco-based products or related products;
  - Pornography:
  - Weaponry;
- Entertainment activities that are not permitted by the Shariah: and
  - Other activities considered permissible according to the Shariah.

#### Mixed Business Activities Analysis

For companies with activities comprising both permissible and non-permissible elements. the Shariah Adviser will apply the following analysis in determining the Shariah-compliant

## Quantitative Analysis

The Shariah Adviser takes into account the following parameters in determining the Shariah status of the listed companies:

- · Contribution of interest income to the total income is lower than 5% of the total income;
- Total debt of the companies (including all interest-bearing loans/debentures and their respective payables such as short term/long term debts, short term/long term debentures and all debentures payables) is lower than 30% of the total assets of the companies:
- Total sum of companies' cash and receivables is lower than 50% of its total assets; Total sum of companies' cash and
- interest-bearing securities is lower than 30% of its total assets; and
- Income generated from other prohibited components from Shariah perspective is lower than 5% of the companies' total income.

Should any of the above deductions fail to meet the benchmarks, the Shariah Adviser will not accord Shariah-compliant status for the companies.

## . Qualitative Analysis

Companies which have passed the above quantitative test will be further subjected to qualitative screening before the equities of such companies can be classified as Shariah-compliant. In this secondary analysis, the Shariah Adviser will look into aspects of general public perception of the companies' images, core businesses which are considered important and maslahah (beneficial) to the Muslim ummah and the country, the nonpermissible elements are very small and involve matters like umum balwa (common plight and difficult to avoid), 'uruf (custom) and rights of the non-Muslim community which are accepted by the

#### 2. Sukuk

The Funds' investments in local sukuk will be selected from the list of sukuk approved or authorised by, or lodged with, the SC. The Shariah Adviser will review based on the data available at the websites of the SC and/or Bank Negara Malaysia.

The Funds' investments in foreign sukuk will be selected after consultation with the Shariah Adviser. The Shariah Adviser would accept resolutions and/or rulings as decided by the respective Shariah advisors for the instruments. prospectus or information memorandum of the sukuk and resolutions and/or rulings and/or pronouncements by the respective Shariah advisors for the instruments must be presented to the Shariah Adviser for notification and due diligence

Sukuk and Islamic Money Market Instruments:

KIBB Shariah Committee will select any sukuk and/or Islamic money market instruments based on the data available at Bond Info Hub (www.bondinfo.bnm.gov.my) and Fully Automated System For Issuing/Tendering (https://fast.bnm.gov.my).

#### Collective Investment Scheme

The collective investment schemes shall be Islamic collective investment schemes.

#### Liquid Asset

The investment in liquid assets shall be in Islamic liquid assets

### Investment in Foreign Market

#### Equity:

Reference for investment in foreign securities is based on the Dow Jones Islamic Market Indices Methodology.

## Sector-Based Screens

Based on the Shariah Supervisory Board established parameters, the businesses listed below are inconsistent with Shariah law. The majority of Shariah scholars and boards hold that these industries and their financial instruments are inconsistent with Shariah precepts and hence are not suitable for Islamic investment purposes. Although no universal consensus exists among contemporary Shariah scholars on the prohibition of tobacco companies and the defense industry, most Shariah boards have advised against investment in companies involved in these activities. Income from the following impure sources cannot exceed 5% of

- revenue. Alcohol
- Tobacco
- Pork-related products
- Conventional financial services (banking, insurance, etc.)
- Weapons and defense
- Entertainment (hotels. casinos/gambling, cinema, pornography, music, etc.)

Companies classified as Financial (8000) according to a unique proprietary classification system are considered eligible if the company is incorporated as an Islamic Financial Institution such as:

- Islamic Banks
- Takaful Insurance Companies

Companies classified as Real Estate (8600) according to a unique proprietary classification system are considered eligible if the company's operations and properties are conducting business according to Shariah principles

#### **Accounting-Based Screens**

After removing companies with unacceptable primary business activities, the remaining stocks are evaluated according to several financial ratio filters. The filters are based on criteria set up by the Shariah Supervisory Board to remove companies with unacceptable levels of debt or impure interest

All of the following must be less than 33%:

Total debt divided by trailing 24-month average market capitalization

### Islamic Deposits and Islamic Money Market Instruments

The Funds can invest in Islamic deposits and Islamic money market instruments issued by financial institutions that are acceptable as Shariah-compliant or those Islamic deposits and Islamic money market instruments that have been approved by SACBNM.

The Funds are prohibited from investing in interest-bearing deposits and recognizing any interest income.

#### 4. Islamic Collective Investment Schemes

The Funds can invest in local and foreign Islamic collective investment schemes available in the market. The local Islamic collective investment schemes must be approved by the SC. For foreign Islamic collective investment schemes, it must be approved by the Shariah adviser of that respective Islamic collective investment schemes.

#### Any other Shariah-compliant instruments

For avoidance of doubt, any Shariah-compliant instruments which are not within the approved list above should be informed to the Shariah Adviser for the Shariah Adviser's approval. Where the Shariah Adviser request a change to the Shariah investment guidelines, it shall give the PRS Provider a reasonable period of time to effect such change in the Disclosure Document in accordance with the requirements of any applicable law and regulation.

- The sum of a company's cash and interest-bearing securities divided by trailing 24-month average market capitalization
- · Accounts receivables divided by trailing 24-month average market capitalization

Stocks deemed compliant at the prior evaluation period that exceed the maximum ratio for any accounting-based screen at the current evaluation period remain compliant if the ratio is within two percentage points of the maximum allowed. However, if the maximum is breached for three consecutive evaluation periods the stock will be deemed non-compliant. If any of the ratios are above the two percentage point buffer limit, the stock is deemed non-compliant immediately.

Stocks deemed non-compliant at the prior evaluation period that pass all accounting-based screens at the current evaluation period remain non-compliant if any ratio is within two percentage points of the maximum allowed. However, if the stock satisfies all three ratios for three consecutive evaluation periods the stock will be deemed compliant. If all three ratios are below the two percentage point buffer limit, the stock is deemed compliant immediately.

Companies passing the sector-based and accounting-based screens may be included as index constituents of the Dow Jones Islamic Market™ Indices.

#### 2. Cleansing Process for the Funds

#### Wrong Investment (a)

This refers to Shariah non-compliant investment made by the Funds. The said investment will be disposed of/withdrawn with immediate effect or within a month of knowing the status of the investment. In the event of the investment resulted in gain (through capital gain and/or dividend/profit) received before or after the disposal of the investment, the gain is to be channelled to baitulmal and/or any other charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser. If the disposal of the investment results in losses to the Funds, the losses are to be borne by the PRS Provider.

#### (b) Reclassification of Shariah Status of the Fund's Investment

Reclassification of Shariah status refers to securities which are reclassified as Shariah non-compliant by the SACSC, the Shariah Adviser or the Shariah Boards of the relevant Islamic indices. The said securities will be disposed as soon as practicable, if at the time of the announcement/review, the total amount of dividends received and the market value held exceeds or equals to the investment costs.

Any dividends received and capital gains arising from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant securities made at the time of the announcement/review can be kept by the Funds. However, any dividends received and excess capital gains derived from the disposal after the announcement/review at a market price that is higher than the closing price on the announcement day is to be channelled to baitulmal and/or any charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser.

On the other hand, the Fund is allowed to hold the Shariah non-compliant securities if the market price of the said securities is below the investment cost. It is also permissible for the Fund to keep the dividends received during the holding period until such time when the total amount of the dividends received and the market value of the Shariah non-compliant securities held equal the investment cost. At this stage, the Fund is advised to dispose of their holdings.

#### Zakat (tithe) for the Funds

# Cleansing Process for the Fund

#### a) Wrong Investment

This refers to Shariah non-compliant investment made by the PRS Provider. The said investment will be disposed of/withdrawn with immediate effect, if possible, or otherwise within one (1) month of knowing the status of the securities. In the event of the investment resulted in gain (through capital gain, dividend and/or profit) received before or after the disposal, the gain is to be channelled to baitulmal and/or any other charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser. The Funds have a right to retain only the investment cost. If the disposal of the investment resulted in losses to the Funds, the losses are to be borne by the PRS Provider.

Note: investment cost may include brokerage cost or other related transaction cost.

## Reclassification of Shariah Status of the Funds' Investment

This refers to securities which were earlier classified as Shariah-compliant but due to certain factors, such as changes in the company's business operations and financial positions, are subsequently reclassified as Shariah non-compliant.

In this regard, if on the announcement or review date, the market value of the securities exceeds or is equal to the investment cost, the Shariah non-compliant securities must be disposed of. Any dividends received up to the date of the announcement or review and capital gains arising from the disposal of Shariah non-compliant securities on the date of the announcement/review can be kept by the Funds.

However, any dividends received and excess capital gains derived from the disposal of Shariah non-compliant securities after the date of the announcement or review are to be channelled to baitulmal and/or any charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser.

On the other hand, the Funds are allowed to hold its investment in the Shariah non-compliant securities if the market value of the said securities is below the investment cost. It is also permissible for the  $\underline{\text{Funds}}$  to keep the dividends received during the holding period until such time when the total amount of dividends received and the market value of the Shariah non-compliant securities held <u>are</u> equal <u>to</u> the investment cost. At this stage, the Funds will dispose of its holding in the Shariah non-compliant securities.

### Zakat for the Funds

The Funds do not pay zakat on behalf of Muslim individuals and Islamic legal entities who are investors of the Funds. Thus, Members are advised to pay zakat on their own.

The Shariah Adviser confirms that the investment portfolio of the Funds will comprise instruments that have been classified as Shariah-compliant by the SACSC or the Shariah Advisory Council of BNM. For instruments that are not classified as Shariah-compliant by the SACSC or the Shariah Advisory Council of BNM, they have reviewed and determined the Shariah status of the said instruments in accordance with the ruling issued by the Shariah Adviser.

The Funds do not pay zakat on behalf of Muslim individuals and Islamic legal entities who are Members of the Funds. Thus, the Members are advised to pay zakat on their own.

#### 26 CHAPTER 7: FEES, CHARGES AND EXPENSES, Section 7.4 The Expenses of the Fund

Only the expenses (or part thereof) which are directly related and necessary to the operation and administration of the Fund may be charged to the Fund. These would include (but are not limited to) the following:

- Commissions or fees paid to brokers or dealers in effecting dealings in the Shariah-compliant investments of the Fund, shown on the contract notes or confirmation notes:
- (where the custodial function is delegated by the Scheme Trustee) charges and fees paid to sub-custodians taking into custody any foreign assets of the Fund;
- Taxes and other duties imposed on the Fund by the Malaysian government and/or other authorities:
- Auditor's fees and expenses;
- Valuation fees incurred for the valuation of the Shariahcompliant of the Fund by independent valuers for the benefit of the Fund:
- Independent investment committee members' fee;
- Tax adviser's fee;
- Shariah adviser's fee;
- Costs for modification of the Deed other than those for the benefit of the PRS Provider and/or the Scheme Trustee;
- Costs incurred for meetings of the Members other than those convened by, or for the benefit of, the PRS Provider and/or Scheme Trustee: and
- Any other expenses as may be allowed under the Deed.

#### CHAPTER 7: FEES, CHARGES AND EXPENSES, Section 7.4 The Expenses of the Fund

Only the expenses (or part thereof) which are directly related and necessary to the operation and administration of the Fund may be charged to the Fund. These would include (but are not limited to) the following:

- commissions or fees paid to brokers or dealers in effecting dealings in the Shariah-compliant investments of the Fund, shown on the contract notes or confirmation notes:
- (where the custodial function is delegated by the Scheme Trustee) charges and fees paid to sub-custodians taking into custody any foreign assets of the Fund;
- taxes and other duties  $\underline{\text{charged}}$  on the Fund by the Malaysian government and/or other authorities:
- auditor's fees and expenses;
- fees incurred for the valuation of any investment of the Funds;
  - remuneration and out of pocket expenses of the person(s) or members of a committee undertaking the oversight function of the Funds, unless the PRS Provider decides otherwise;
  - costs, fees and expenses incurred in engaging any adviser for the benefit of the Funds;
- costs for modification of the Deed other than those for the benefit of the PRS Provider or the Scheme Trustee;
- costs incurred for meetings of Members other than those convened by, or for the benefit of, the PRS Provider or the Scheme Trustee; and
- any other fees and expenses as may be allowed under the Deed.

#### 27. CHAPTER 7: FEES. CHARGES AND EXPENSES. Section 7.5 Soft Commissions and Rebates Policy

It is the policy of the PRS Provider to credit any rebates received into the account of the Fund. Soft commissions are retained by the PRS Provider for purchasing goods and services that are of demonstrable benefit to the Members of the Fund, and are in the form of research and advisory services that assist in the decision-making process relating to the investment of the Fund (i.e. Bloomberg Anywhere and Bloomberg terminal subscriptions).

Any dealing with the broker or dealer is executed on terms which are the most favourable for the Funds.

## CHAPTER 7: FEES. CHARGES AND EXPENSES. Section 7.5 Soft Commissions and Rebates Policy

It is the policy of the PRS Provider to credit any rebates received into the account of the Fund.

Goods and services ("soft commissions") provided by any broker or dealer may be retained by the PRS Provider or its delegate if:

- the soft commissions bring direct benefit or advantage to the management of the Funds and may include research and advisory services;
- any dealings with the broker/dealer for the Funds are executed on terms which are the most favourable for the Funds; and
- the availability of soft commissions is not the sole or primary purpose to perform or arrange transactions with such broker or dealer, and the PRS Provider or its delegate must not enter into unnecessary trades in order to achieve a sufficient volume of transactions to qualify for soft commissions.

#### CHAPTER 8: TRANSACTION INFORMATION, Section 8.5 28. Withdrawal from the Scheme, 8.5.2 Pre-retirement withdrawal

Assuming that the NAV per Unit of Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Growth Fund is RM0.5000 at the end of Business Day. If a Member redeems 2,000 Units from the Member's sub-account B of Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Growth Fund at the NAV per Unit of RM0.5000 per Unit, the Member shall receive a redemption amount of RM895.00\* from their sub-account B within 10 calendar days.

## CHAPTER 8: TRANSACTION INFORMATION, Section 8.5 Withdrawal from the Scheme, 8.5.2 Pre-retirement withdrawal

Assuming that the NAV per Unit of Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Growth Fund is RM0.5000 at the end of Business Day on which the PRS Provider receives the withdrawal request or authorisation from the PPA, as the case may be. If a Member redeems 2,000 Units from the Member's sub-account B of Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Growth Fund at the NAV per Unit of RM0.5000 per Unit, the Member shall receive a redemption amount of RM895.00\* from their subaccount B within seven (7) Business Days from the day the PRS Provider receives the withdrawal request or authorisation from the PPA, as the case may be.

					T					
	-Illustrati	ion-			-Illustration-					
29.	CHAPTER 8: TRANSACTION INFORMATION, Section 8.5 Withdrawal from the Scheme, 8.5.3 Retirement Withdrawal, second paragraph					CHAPTER 8: TRANSACTION INFORMATION, Section 8.5 Withdrawal from the Scheme, 8.5.3 Retirement Withdrawal, second paragraph				
	Growth Fund is RM0.5000. If a Member redeem 2,000 Units from Kenanga OnePRS Growth Fund account at the NAV per Unit of RM0.5000 per Unit, the Member shall receive a redemption amount of RM1,000' from the Member's Shariah OnePRS account within 10 calendar days after the PRS Provider has received and accepted the					Assuming that the NAV per Unit of Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Growth Fund is RM0.5000. If a Member redeems 2,000 Units from Kenanga Shariah OnePRS Growth Fund account at the NAV per Unit of RM0.5000 per Unit, the Member shall receive a redemption amount of RM1,000.00° from the Member's Shariah OnePRS account within seven (7) Business Davs after the PRS Provider has received and accepted the Member redemption request.				
	-Illustrati	ion-			-Illustrati	ion-				
30.		ER 8: TRANSACTIOn tof Withdrawal Proce				ER 8: TRANSACTIOnt of Withdrawal Proce				
		S Provider must pay the dance with the following		purchase of Units		S Provider must pay the dance with the following		ourchase of Units		
	No.	Circumstances of withdrawal	Period for payment to be made	Recipient of payment	No.	Circumstances of withdrawal	Period for payment to be made	Recipient of payment		
	(a)	Upon reaching retirement age	Within 10 days after the PRS Provider received a completed withdrawal request from Member	Members	(a)	Upon reaching retirement age	Within <u>7</u> Business Davs after			
	(b)	Pre-retirement withdrawals from sub-account B			(b)	Pre-retirement withdrawals from sub-account B	the PRS Provider received a - completed withdrawal request from Member	Members		
	(c)	Permanent departure of Member from Malaysia			(c)	Permanent departure of Member from Malaysia				
	(d)	Due to permanent total disablement, serious disease and mental disability of a Member	Within 10 days after the PRS Provider received a completed withdrawal request (either received directly or through a notification from the PPA)	Members	(d)	Due to permanent total disablement, serious disease and mental disability of a Member	Within 7 Business Days after the PRS Provider received a completed withdrawal request (either received directly or through a notification from the PPA)	Members		
	(e)	Death of a Member	Within 10 days after the PRS Provider received an authorisation from the PPA	(i) Either a nominee, trustee, executor, or administrat or of a deceased Member (ii) Notwithstan ding paragraph (i), the PRS Provider may pay the accrued benefits to the nominee as stipulated in the Guidelines.	(e)	Death of a Member	Within Z Business days_after the PRS Provider received an authorisation from the PPA	(i) Either a nominee, trustee, executor, or administrat or of a deceased Member (ii) Notwithsta nding paragraph (i), the PRS Provider may pay the accrued benefits to the nominee as stipulated		

	(f)	For housing purpose	Within 10 days after the PRS Provider					in the Guidelines.
	(g)	For healthcare purpose  For healthcare purpose  Within 10 days after the PRS Provider received a completed withdrawal request	Members' account or joint housing loan account	(f)	For housing purpose	Within <u>7</u> <u>Business</u> <u>Days</u> after the PRS Provider received a completed withdrawal	Members' account or joint housing loan account	
			PRS Provider received a Members completed withdrawal	Members	(g)	For healthcare purpose	request	Members
							received a completed withdrawal request	
31.		R 8: TRANSACTION Off, second paragraph		I, Section 8.11		R 8: TRANSACTION Off, second paragraph		, Section 8.11
	period, the off right days upon the Mem	Member has requested the Member will receive (please refer to below in receiving PPA's author's cheque by the bath applicable to the follows:	the total refund as example) within to orisation, subject to nk. Please note the	per their Cooling- en (10) calendar o the clearance of at this Cooling-off	period, the off right ( <u>D</u> ays upon of the Me	Member has requested the Member will receive to please refer to below e on receiving PPA's author thember's cheque by the	the total refund as pexample) within sevenorisation, subject bank.	per their Cooling- yen (7) Business to the clearance
						nd to the Member purs nust be as follows:	uant to the exercis	e of his cooling-
					the NAV per Unit at the point of the exercise of the cooling- off right ("market price"), if the NAV per Unit on the day the Units were purchased ("original price") is higher than the market price; or the original price, if the market price is higher than the original price.			
					If the market price is higher than the original price paid by the Member, the PRS Provider may agree to pay the Member the excess amount, provided that such amount is not paid out of the Funds or the assets of the Funds.			
						S Provider must also on the day the Units we		charge originally
	<ul> <li>A pe</li> </ul>	f of the PRS Provider; erson registered with a ate retirement schemes	body approved by	the SC to deal in	• State	note that the Cooling- types of Member: ff of the PRS Provider; erson registered with a ate retirement schemes	or body approved by	
32.	Nil.					R 8: TRANSACTION Sion of Dealings in Un		Section 8.14
					The PRS Provider may, in consultation with the Scheme Trustee and having considered the interests of the Members, suspend the dealing in Units due to exceptional circumstances, where there is good and sufficient reason to do so (e.g. where the market value or fair value of a material portion of a Fund's assets cannot be determined).			
					after the within 21 suspensi Scheme dealing i	Provider will cease the aforesaid circumstand I days of commencer on may be extended Trustee that it is in the Units to remain sus be weekly review by the	es has ceased, and the ent of suspension if the PRS Provide best interest of Manager pended. Such suspended.	nd in any event  The period of der satisfies the Members for the
					suspensi Business cases, M for a long Hence, the	orchase request receive on period will only be a bay after the cessation lembers will be compel ger period of time than their investments will called the following the fo	ccepted and procest of suspension of the led to remain invest the stipulated repu	ssed on the next he Fund. In such sted in the Fund irchase timeline.

			Where such suspension is triggere all Members in a timely and approsuspend the dealing in Units.				
33.	CHAPTER 9: THE PRS PROVII BERHAD ("KIB"), Section 9.2 Boa		CHAPTER 9: THE PRS PROVIDER: KENANGA INVESTORS BERHAD ("KIB"), Section 9.2 Board of Directors				
	Names	Designation	Names	Designation			
	Datuk Syed Ahmad Alwee Alsree Syed Zafilen Syed Alwee Peter John Rayner Imran Devindran bin Abdullah Norazian Ahmad Tajuddin Ismitz Matthew De Alwis	Chairman/Non-Independent Non-Executive Director Independent Director Independent Director Independent Director Independent Director Independent Director Executive Director	Choy Khai Choon, Steven Imran Devindran Bin Abdullah Norazian Binti Ahmad Tajuddin Luk Wai Hong, William Datuk Wira Ismitz Matthew De Alwis	Chairman/Non-Independent Non-Executive Director Independent Non-Executive Director Independent Non-Executive Director Non-Independent Non-Executive Director Executive Director Executive Officer			
34.	CHAPTER 9: THE PRS PROVIDE BERHAD ("KIB"), Section 9.5 Invo		Deleted.	<u>Executive Officer</u>			
	holders are managed in accorr relevant regulatory requir investment objectives as prospectus/ information investment management internal investment restrict b) select appropriate strategies to of the fund in accordance with c) ensure that the strategies sele implemented by the PRS Prov	lients, PRS members and unit dance with the respective: ements; stated in disclosure document/ memorandum & deed or agreements; and titions and policies.  • achieve the proper performance the fund management policies; to					
35.	CHAPTER 9: THE PRS PROVII BERHAD ("KIB"), Section 9.6 Au paragraph		CHAPTER 9: THE PRS PROVII BERHAD ("KIB"), Section 9.6 Au paragraph				
	The audit and risk committee comp	rises the following members:	The audit and risk committee comp	orises of the following members:			
	Syed Zafilen Syed Alwee (Chairm -Profile of Syed Zafilen Syed Alwee	-	Imran Devindran bin Abdu Member) -Profile of Imran Devindran Abdulla				
	Imran Devindran bin Abdullah (In -Profile of Imran Devindran Abdullal		Norazian Ahmad Tajuddin (Independent Member)				
	Peter John Rayner (Independent -Profile of Peter John Rayner-	Member)	-Profile of Norazian Ahmad Tajuddin <u>has been updated</u> <u>Luk Wai Hong, William (Independent Member)</u> -Profile of Luk Wai Hong, William-				
	Norazian Ahmad Tajuddin (Indep -Profile of Norazian Ahmad Tajuddi						
36.	CHAPTER 10: SCHEME TRUST Background and Experience	EE, Section 10.1 - Trustee's	CHAPTER 10: SCHEME TRUST Background and Experience	EE, Section 10.1 - Trustee's			
	CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad was in and registered as a trust company 1949 and having its registered off Jalan Stesen Sentral 2, Kuala Lump Malaysia. The Scheme Trustee is collective investment schemes appliand Services Act 2007.	under the Trust Companies Act, ice at Level 13, Menara CIMB, ur Sentral, 50470 Kuala Lumpur, qualified to act as a trustee for roved under the Capital Markets	CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad was i and registered as a trust company 1949 and having its registered off Jalan Stesen Sentral 2, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. The Scheme trustee for collective investment Capital Markets and Services Act 2	under the Trust Companies Act, fice at Level 13, Menara CIMB, Lumpur Sentral, 50470 Kuala Trustee is qualified to act as a schemes approved under the 2007.			
	CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad has be as trustee since 1990. It acts as Truvarious unit trust funds, real estar funds, private retirement schemes a	istee to te investment trusts, wholesale	CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad had industry as trustee since 1990. It act funds, real estate investment to retirement schemes and exchange	cts as <u>trustee</u> to various unit trust usts, wholesale funds, private			
	As at 30 September 2020, CIMB trustee to thirty-one (31) unit trust ful		As at 31 July 2023, CIMB Islamic T thirty-seven (37) unit trust funds, th (2) private retirement schemes (co	irteen (13) wholesale funds, two			

	two (2) private retirement scheme (consisting of seven (7) funds) and one (1) exchanged traded fund.	two (2) exchanged traded funds.			
37.	CHAPTER 10: SCHEME TRUSTEE, Section 10.2 - Summary of CIMB Islamic Trustees Berhad's Financial Position	CHAPTER 10: SCHEME TRUSTEE, Section 10.2 - Summary of CIMB Islamic Trustees Berhad's Financial Position			
	Summary of the Scheme Trustee's financial figures for the past 3 years and the unaudited financial results for the financial period ended 31 December 2019 are summarised below:	Summary of the Scheme Trustee's f years are summarised below:			
	-Table on the financial figures-	-Table on financial figures has been for year 31 December 2022, 31 Dec 2020-			
38.	CHAPTER 10: SCHEME TRUSTEE, Section 10.3 – Board of Directors	CHAPTER 10: SCHEME TRUSTE Directors	E, Section 10.3 - Board of		
	Zahardin bin - Independent Director and Omardin Chairman, Non-Executive	Name Zahardin <u>Omardin</u>	Directorship Independent Non-Executive Director (Chairman)		
	Hussam - Non-Independent Director,     Mohammad Kassim Executive	Ahamed Usman Thahir Ghouse Datin Ezreen Eliza Zulkiplee	Non-Independent Executive Director Non-Independent Executive		
	Sultan 3. Lee Kooi Yoke - Non-Independent Director, Executive (Chief Executive Officer)		Director/Chief Executive Officer		
39.	CHAPTER 10: SCHEME TRUSTEE, Section 10.8 - Scheme Trustee's Delegate	CHAPTER 10: SCHEME TRUSTE Trustee's Delegate	EE, Section 10.8 - Scheme		
	The Scheme Trustee has delegated its custodian function to CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad (CIMB Islamic Bank). CIMB Islamic Banks ultimate holding company is CIMB Group Holdings Berhad. a listed company on Bursa Malaysia. CIMB Islamic Bank provides full fledged custodial services, typically clearing settlement and safekeeping of all types of investment assets and classes, to a cross section of investors and intermediaries client base, both locally and overseas.	The Scheme Trustee has delegated its custodian function to CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad (CIMB Islamic Bank). CIMB Islamic Banks uttimate holding company is CIMB Group Holdings Berhad, a listed company on Bursa Malaysia. CIMB Islamic Bank provides full fledged custodial services, typically clearing settlement and safekeeping of all types of investment assets and classes, to a cross section of investors and intermediaries client base, both locally and overseas.  For the local Ringgit Malaysia assets, they are held through its wholly owned nominee subsidiary CIMB Islamic Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd. For foreign non-Ringgit Malaysia assets, CIMB Islamic Bank appoints global custodian as its agent bank to clear, settle and safekeep on its behalf and to its order.			
	For the local Ringgit assets, they are held through its wholly owned nominee subsidiary CIMB Islamic Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd. For foreign non-Ringgit assets, CIMB Islamic Bank appoints global custodian as its agent bank to clear, settle and safekeep on its behalf and to its order.				
	All investments are automatically registered in the name of the custodian to the order of the Scheme Trustee. CIMB Islamic Bank acts only in accordance with instructions from the Scheme Trustee.	All investments are automatically registered in the name of the custodian to the order of the Scheme Trustee. CIMB Islamic Bank acts only in accordance with instructions from the Scheme Trustee.			
40.	CHAPTER 11: SHARIAH ADVISER: KENANGA INVESTMENT BANK BERHAD ("KIBB"), Section 11.4 Profile of KIBB Shariah Committee	CHAPTER 11: SHARIAH ADVISER: KENANGA INVESTMENT BANK BERHAD ("KIBB"), Section 11.4 Profile of KIBB Shariah Committee			
	<b>Dr. Ghazali Jaapar</b> -Profile of Dr. Ghazali Jaapar-	<b>Dr. Ghazali Jaapar</b> -Profile of Dr. Ghazali Jaapar <u>has be</u>	een updated-		
	Dr. Mohd Fuad Md. Sawari -Profile of Dr. Mohd Fuad Md. Sawari-	Dr. Mohammad Firdaus Mohammad Hatta -Profile of Dr. Mohammad Firdaus Mohammad Hatta has been updated-			
	Dr. Muhammad Arzim Naim -Profile of Dr. Muhammad Arzim Naim-	Dr. Fadillah Mansor -Profile of Dr. Fadillah Mansor-			
	Dr. Mohammad Firdaus Mohammad Hatta -Profile of Dr. Mohammad Firdaus Mohammad Hatta-				
41.	CHAPTER 12: SALIENT TERMS OF THE DEED, Section 12.5 Permitted Expenses Payable by the Funds	CHAPTER 12: SALIENT TERMS Permitted Expenses Payable by the	ne Funds		
	Only the expenses (or parts thereof) which are directly related and necessary to the operation and administration of the Fund may be charged to the Fund. These would include (but are not limited to) to the following:	Only the expenses (or part thereof) necessary to the operation and adm charged to the Fund. These would in the following:	ninistration of the Fund may be		
	Commissions or fees paid to brokers or dealers in effecting dealings in the Shariah-compliant investments of the Fund, shown on the contract notes or confirmation notes;     taxes and other duties charged on the Fund by the government and/or other authorities;     costs, fees and expenses properly incurred by the auditor;	commissions or fees paid to I dealings in the Shariah-compl shown on the contract notes or taxes and other duties charged and/or other authorities;     fees and expenses properly inc	iant investments of the Fund, confirmation notes; on the Fund by the government		

- costs, fees and expenses incurred for the valuation of any Shariah-compliant investment of the Fund by independent valuers for the benefit of the Fund:
- costs, fees and expenses incurred for any modification of the Deed save where such modification is for the benefit of the PRS Provider and/or the Scheme Trustee;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred for any meeting of the Members save where such meeting is convened for the benefit of the PRS Provider and/or the Scheme Trustee;
- costs, commissions, fees and expenses of the sale, purchase, takaful and any other dealing of any asset of the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in engaging any specialist approved by the Scheme Trustee for investigating or evaluating any proposed Shariah-compliant investment of the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in engaging any valuer, adviser or contractor for the benefit of the Fund:
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in the preparation and audit of the taxation, returns and accounts of the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in the winding-up of the Fund or the removal of the Scheme Trustee or the replacement of the PRS Provider and the appointment of a new trustee or private retirement scheme provider;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in relation to any arbitration or other proceedings concerning the Fund or any asset of the Fund, including proceedings against the Scheme Trustee or the PRS Provider by the other for the benefit of the Fund (save to the extent that legal costs incurred for the defence of either of them are not ordered by the court to be reimbursed by the Fund):
- remuneration and out of pocket expenses of the independent members of the investment committee of the Fund, unless the PRS Provider decides otherwise:
- costs, fees and expenses deemed by the PRS Provider to have been incurred in connection with any change or the need to comply with any change or introduction of any law, regulation or requirement (whether or not having the force of law) of any governmental or regulatory authority;
- (where the custodial function is delegated by the Scheme Trustee) charges and fees paid to sub-custodians taking into custody any foreign assets of the Fund; and
- costs, fees and charges payable to the PPA by the Fund.

- fees incurred for the valuation of any investment of the Funds;
  - costs, fees and expenses incurred for any modification of the Deed save where such modification is for the benefit of the PRS Provider and/or the Scheme Trustee:
- costs, fees and expenses incurred for any meeting of the Members save where such meeting is convened for the benefit of the PRS Provider and/or the Scheme Trustee:
- costs, commissions, fees and expenses of the sale, purchase, takaful and any other dealing of any asset of the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in engaging any specialist approved by the Scheme Trustee for investigating or evaluating any proposed Shariah-compliant investment of the
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in engaging any adviser for the benefit of the Funds:
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in the preparation and audit of the taxation, returns and accounts of the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses in the winding-up of the Fund(s) or the removal or retirement of the Scheme Trustee or the replacement of the PRS Provider and the appointment of a new trustee or private retirement scheme provider;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in relation to any arbitration or other proceedings concerning the Fund or any asset of the Fund (save to the extent that legal costs incurred for the defence of either of them are not ordered by the court to be reimbursed by the Fund);
- remuneration and out of pocket expenses of the person(s) or members of the committee undertaking the oversight function of the Funds, unless the PRS Provider decides otherwise;
  - costs, fees and expenses deemed by the PRS Provider to have been incurred in connection with any change or the need to comply with any change or introduction of any law, regulation or requirement (whether or not having the force of law) of any governmental or regulation authority;
- (where the custodial function is delegated by the Scheme Trustee) charges and fees paid to sub-custodians taking into custody any foreign assets of the Fund; and costs, fees and charges payable to the PPA by the Fund.

#### CHAPTER 12: SALIENT TERMS OF THE DEED, Section 12.9 42 Member's Meeting, third paragraph

The quorum required for a meeting of the Members of the Scheme shall be five (5) Members of the Scheme, whether present in person or by proxy, provided always if the meeting has been convened for the purpose of voting on a special resolution, the quorum shall be five (5) Members of the Scheme, whether present in person or by proxy, holding in aggregate at least twenty-five per centum (25%) of the Units of the Scheme in circulation at the time of the meeting; similarly, the quorum required for a meeting of the Members of a Fund shall be five (5) Members of the Fund, whether present in person or by proxy, provided always if the meeting has been convened for the purpose of voting on a special resolution, the quorum shall be five (5) Members of the Fund, whether present in person or by proxy, holding in aggregate at least twenty-five per centum (25%) of the Units of the Fund in circulation at the time of the meeting.

CHAPTER 13: RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONFLICT OF INTEREST, Section 13.3 Details of the PRS 43 Provider's Directors' and Substantial Shareholders' Direct and Indirect Interest in Other Corporations Carrying on a Similar Rusiness

As at 30 September 2020, none of the PRS Provider's directors or substantial shareholders have any direct or indirect interest in other corporations carrying on a similar business as the PRS Provider.

CHAPTER 12: SALIENT TERMS OF THE DEED, Section 12.9 Member's Meeting, third paragraph

The quorum required for a meeting of the Members of the Scheme or a Fund, as the case may be, shall be five (5) Members, whether present in person or by proxy; however, if the Scheme or a Fund, as the case may be, has five (5) or less Members, the quorum required for a meeting of the Members of the Scheme or a Fund, as the case may be, shall be two (2) Members, whether present in person or by proxy. If the meeting has been convened for the purpose of voting on a Special Resolution, the Members present in person or by proxy must hold in aggregate at least twenty-five per centum (25%) of the Units in circulation of the Scheme or a Fund, as the case may be, at the time of the meeting. If the Scheme or a Fund has only one (1) remaining Member, such Member, whether present in person or by proxy, shall constitute the quorum required for the meeting of the Members of the Scheme or a Fund, as the case may be.

#### 44. CHAPTER 14: TAXATION ADVISER'S LETTER

-taxation adviser's letter-

Deleted

## **CHAPTER 14: TAXATION ADVISER'S LETTER**

-taxation adviser's letter has been updated-

45.	CHAPTER 16: DIRECTORY OF PRS PROVIDER'S REGIONAL OFFICES	CHAPTER 16: DIRECTORY OF PRS PROVIDER'S REGIONAL OFFICES
	Petaling Jaya 44B, Jalan SS21/35, Damansara Utama, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Tel: 03-7710 8828 Fax: 03-7710 8830	Damansara Uptown 44B, Jalan SS21/35, Damansara Utama, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Tel: 03-7710 8828 Fax: 03-7710 8830
46.	CHAPTER 16: DIRECTORY OF PRS PROVIDER'S REGIONAL OFFICES  Ipoh Suite 1, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor 63 Persiaran Greenhill	CHAPTER 16: DIRECTORY OF PRS PROVIDER'S REGIONAL OFFICES  Ipoh No. 1, Jalan Leong Sin Nam 30300 Ipoh, Perak
	30450 Ipoh, Perak Tel: 05-254 7573 / 05-254 7570 Fax: 05-254 7606	Tel: 05-2547570 / 05-2547573 Fax: 05-2547606
47.	Nii.	CHAPTER 16: DIRECTORY OF PRS PROVIDER'S REGIONAL OFFICES  Kota Damansara C26-1, Dataran Sunway, Jalan PJU 5/17, Kota Damansara, 47810 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Tel: 03-6150 3612 Fax: 03-6150 3906  Kluana
		No. 1, Aras 1, Jalan Haji Manan, Pusat Perniagaan Komersial Haji Manan, 86000 Kluang, Johor Tel: 07-710 2700 Fax: 07-710 2150



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